ZIMBABWE HUMAN RIGHTS NGO FORUM

Who was responsible?

Alleged perpetrators and their crimes during the 2000 Parliamentary Election period

A report by the
Zimbabwe Human Rights NGO Forum

July 2001

The Zimbabwe Human Rights NGO Forum (also known as the "Human Rights Forum") has been in existence since January 1998. Nine non-governmental organisations working in the field of human rights came together to provide legal and psycho-social assistance to the victims of the Food Riots of January 1998.

The Human Rights Forum has now expanded its objectives to assist victims of organised violence, using the following definition:

> "organised violence" means the interhuman infliction of significant avoidable pain and suffering by an organised group according to a declared or implied strategy and/or system of ideas and attitudes. It comprises any violent action which is unacceptable by general human standards, and relates to the victims' mental and physical wellbeing.

The Human Rights Forum operates a Legal Unit and a Research and Documentation Unit.

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All earlier reports of the Human Rights Forum can be found on the website.

Overview

This report is a follow-up to "Who is Responsible?: A preliminary analysis of pre-election violence in Zimbabwe", which was released in June 2000 by the Zimbabwe Human Rights NGO Forum. It sought to catalog emerging allegations of gross human rights violations committed during the run-up period to the June 2000 Parliamentary Elections and aimed to establish certain facts about the nature of political violence during that time. When the report was released, the Forum had taken more than 60 statements which proved that Zanu (PF), their supporters and many state organs were engaged in a systematic, pre-meditated campaign to terrorize local communities into voting for the party or not voting at all. While there were allegations across the political divide, only a very small number implicated opposition parties and there was no evidence that these parties were engaged in a broad-based, systematic campaign. Now, almost a year after the June 2000 parliamentary elections, roughly 1000 statements from victims of political violence and information gathered from victims who have testified in the election challenges at the High Court have further substantiated these allegations.

In the course of compiling this information, the Forum has begun to put together a picture of who committed acts of violence, how often, and in what manner. This follow-up report, "Who was Responsible?: Alleged Perpetrators and their Crimes During the 2000 Parliamentary Election Period", contains a list of alleged offenders by name, implicating a number of key officials and detailing some of the most particularly egregious cases of violence. It is important to stress that this list is woefully incomplete; it represents only those perpetrators named by victims in statements or in the course of court proceedings. Compiling a complete list of offenders and offences should be the job of a much-needed independent judicial commission to examine all cases of violence surrounding the parliamentary elections and subsequent by-elections. This report seeks only to provide a glipse of the massive scale of violence undertaken during the elections and identify who is alleged to have been responsible. Many of the alleged perpetrators still hold key positions in the government and other institutions and could continue their violent activities in future elections.

The perpetrator list contains 644 names but the actual number of perpetrators and the number of political crimes they have committed is exponentially higher, due to the fear or inability of victims to report their experiences. Without a powerful independent judicial commission, it is impossible to determine the number of perpetrators who committed acts of political violence during the first half of 2000. One independent report has estimated that there were well over 200,000 cases of political violence in the first half of 2000.[1] Given that 635 perpetrators were named from only about 1000 statements, it is clear that there are many thousands across the country who took part in acts of violence in the parliamentary election period. But the fact remains that the very first act of political violence committed was as heinous and damaging as the hundreds of thousands that followed.

Unfortunately, none of these alleged perpetrators are likely to stand trial. The General Amnesty for Politically-Motivated Crimes, which was gazetted on 6 October 2000, absolved most of the perpetrators from prosecution. While the Amnesty excluded those accused of "murder, robbery, rape, indecent assault, statutory rape, theft, possession of arms or any offence involving fraud or dishonesty", very few persons accused of these crimes have been persecuted. For example, in Mberengwa East, where nearly 230 persons were arrested, only Wilson 'Biggie' Chitoro, an accused murderer, has thus far been detained for any length of time for any crimes relating to the June 2000 elections. No one has yet stood trial. During the Buhera North election challenge High Court Justice James Devittie requested that Attorney General Andrew Chigovera arrest suspected murderers Joseph Mwale and Kainos Zimunya for their role in the petrol-bomb

1 Reeler, A.P. (2001), The Leaders of Death: State Sponsored Violence in Zimbabwe, p. 20

murder of two MDC officials, but no action has been taken. If murders are not being prosecuted, it is unlikely that any other offences exempted in the Amnesty will be dealt with at all.

Amnesties have proven to be a dangerous practice in Zimbabwe and have set an unfortunate precedent. A general amnesty was imposed both after the Liberation War and after the Matebeleland massacres in the 1980's. As a result, Zimbabwe's disinclination towards seeking accountability in both these eras has been instructive to the populace in general: crimes will not be prosecuted, criminals are free and are even encouraged to terrorize again, and victims will be denied justice. The latest Amnesty absolved those who committed crimes between 1 January and 31 July 2000 but subsequent allegations of political crimes have since gone unattended to by authorities. It is rare that an individual is arrested for a politically motivated act of violence and virtually unheard of that the incident will ever reach trial. If it does, the perpetrators are usually members of the MDC. Zanu (PF) supporters, war veterans and CIO members seem to operate with unofficial impunity.

The legal precedent set by a lack of prosecution and the implementation of the Amnesty has contributed to the current situation where it can be argued that there is no law. Selective prosecution and crimes committed by perpetrators who should already be behind bars are signs of a system that has not just bent, but has been broken for some time. While the sheer number of perpetrators in this report and the harrowing tales of torture which precede them are quite daunting, what is perhaps more horrifying is the knowledge that this is just the tip of the iceberg.

Background

Political violence escalated in Zimbabwe when President Mugabe and Zanu (PF) turned their attention to reasserting control over the electorate, which was seen as having betrayed the President by voting "no" on the constitutional referendum of February 2000. Because the political life of both the President and Zanu (PF) was on the line, the possibility of failing to gain a parliamentary majority in the upcoming elections did not seem to be an option for Zanu (PF). The President made his intention and strategy clear in a statement in March 2000, at a ceremony for the opening of the water pipeline between the Pungwe River and Mutare. He said, "Those who try to cause disunity among our people must watch out because death will befall them". (*The Daily News, 17 March*.) Former South African President, Nelson Mandela has an opposing view. "Government violence can do only one thing, and that is to breed counter-violence," he said.

During the period between February and June 2000, Zanu (PF) was engaged in a systematic campaign of intimidation aimed at crushing support for opposition parties. There were occasions when violence was the result of unplanned clashes between groups of party supporters, but the majority of the violence appeared to be part of a strategy to diminish support for opposition parties. In campaign speeches, Zanu (PF) leaders and candidates seemed to sanction the use of violence and intimidation against political opponents and contributed substantially to the climate of fear that overshadowed the election campaign. Statements from witnesses, testimony in the High Court and various newspaper reports quoted Zanu (PF) candidates threatening MDC supporters with assault or death. Apparently the apples did not fall far from the tree.

Some of the politically motivated violence documented included dragging farm workers and villagers from their homes at night and severely beating opposition supporters. Independent reports estimate that there were 40 deaths in the run-up period, most of which were MDC supporters. Men, women and children were tortured and there are several documented cases of rape. The level of such violence drove many people from their homes to other constituencies, robbing them of their right to cast their vote or run for office. The violence was not random, evidenced by similar patterns in violence being perpetrated across the country.

The Electoral Act, Section 105, Part 20 states that "any person who chooses to use violence or any means of force to induce or compel another to advance his/her political interest shall be guilty of undue influence". Nevertheless, Zanu (PF) has appeared to use this tactic to secure the electorate's vote unimpeded. Zanu (PF) Secretary for Information and Publicity, Nathan Shamuyarira later said, *" The area of violence is an area where ZANU (PF) has a very strong, long and successful history"*. (*The Herald*, 2 *October 2000*.)

War veterans seemed to be the primary tool used by Zanu (PF) to implement the "campaign by violence" strategy. There was a general fear of the war veterans and their capacity to instigate violence. They seemed to move from constituency to constituency in an organized and calculated manner. The President and Zanu (PF) leadership clearly supported the activities of these war veterans. In a speech in Bindura shown on ZTV on 8 April, President Mugabe said: *"We were told to arrest them* (war veterans) *and remove them from farms. We refused because the occupations are justified. We said there would be no policemen who will go there. If the British want police to evict the war veterans then they must send their police."*

The war veterans placed themselves on 1,500 commercial farms around the country, which were utilized as springboards to implement an effective campaign of organized violence. It also allowed the war veterans to control the thousands of farm workers that were part of the rural electorate, which Zanu (PF) saw as its lifeline to staying in power.

Recommendations

The culture of impunity in Zimbabwe has seriously damaged the rule of law. The legal process has been undermined by the selective application of the law by law enforcement institutions. These institutions function effectively only for the ruling party, rather than operating impartially for all citizens. It is imperative that the 6 October Amnesty be revoked and an independent commission be appointed to investigate all allegations of torture and other human rights violations and make its own recommendations. The findings of the commission should be used to prosecute those accused of any political crimes stemming from the June 2000 parliamentary elections to restore faith in the rule of law.

In addition, it is clear that the haphazard application of the law last year is already having a negative effect on the prospect of free and fair elections in Zimbabwe. Parliamentary by-elections, mayoral elections and local elections have been consistently marred by violence. It is imperative that the government scrap a proposal to limit voter education only to the government-run Electoral Supervisory Commission. It is also crucial that they invite all willing election monitors, whether domestic or international, to observe the election process both on the voting days and in the crucial run-up period which has traditionally seen the vast majority of violence and intimidation.

Statistics of violence

Political affiliation of the victims

The political affiliation of the victims supports the claim that those targeted were members of opposition parties and non-politically connected persons throughout the country. Violence, on the part of the ruling party, appears to have been carried out on an "if you are not for us, you are against us" mentality. If a person's political affiliation was unclear, it was assumed that they supported the opposition. Office holders and supporters of parties in opposition to Zanu (PF) were the primary targets of political violence, in particular those belonging, or suspected of belonging, to the Movement for Democratic Change (MDC). In comparison, very few Zanu (PF) members were victims of violence.

Table 1: Political Affiliation of Victims who reported to the Human Rights NGO Forum

Political Affiliation *of Victims*	***Number of*** *Victims*
MDC	609
Unknown +None	63
U.P	21
Zanu (PF)	5
ZUD	6
Total	704

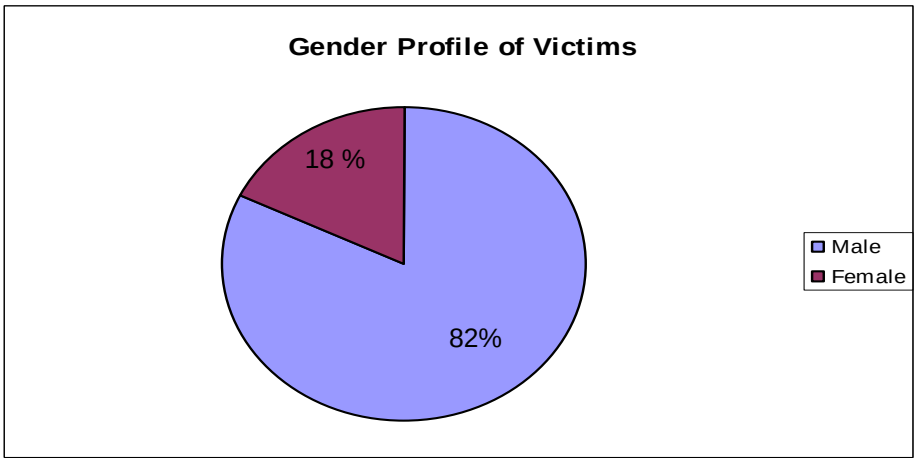
Gross human rights violations

The nature of the human rights violations reported and the frequency is indicated in the table below. Whilst they represent the frequency of violations reported to the Human Rights Forum and the pattern of violations they by no means reflect the number of violations carried out on a national scale. Pre-election violence affected huge numbers of people and as such these numbers do not give a comprehensive picture of the actual scale of violations. For example, whilst only 14 murders were reported to the Forum, the number of murders on a national scale was about 40. Additionally, nearly all victims who made reports to the Forum spoke of several other persons who had suffered the same violations as they had but who were unable to report or were reluctant to do so due to fear of further victimization.

Table 2: Political Violence: Violence Sub-type for cases reported to Human Rights Forum

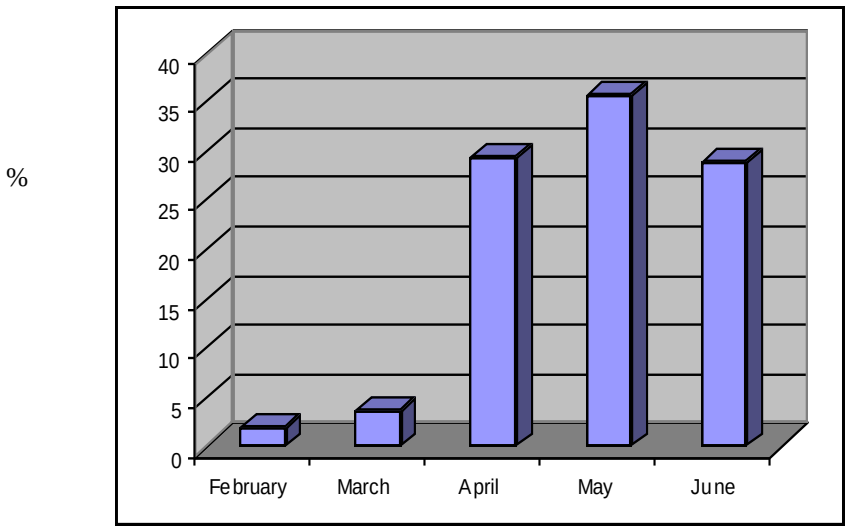
Sub-type	*#*	*%*
Assault	484	44
Arbitrary + Unlawful Arrest	21	2
Attempted Unlawful Killing	5	0.5
Arson	72	6.6
Death Threat	7	0.6
Threat (to well-being other than death)	78	7.1
Kidnapping + disappearance	46	4.2
Political Intimidation	52	4.7
Political Victimization	5	0.5
Property Damage + Destruction	159	14.5
Rape	5	0.5
Theft	85	7.7
Torture	36	3.3
Unlawful Detention	28	2.5
Unlawful Killing	14	1.3
Total Number of Violations recorded	1,097	100

N.B There is some over-lap between sub-types. For example all victims of torture were also kidnapped.
Bearing in mind the point made above about re-classifying various crimes as torture, it will be seen that 75% of the cases report either physical or psychological torture, or both.



Date of Incident

Incidents of political violence began as early as February 2000 prior to the referendum when it was still unclear when the election would be. In the two months prior to the election violence rose sharply, reaching a peak in May 2000.



A note on organised violence and torture

It is very important to understand that the cases reported below are not simply examples of electoral violence, but represent gross human rights violations. They involve extra-judicial killings, torture (both physical and psychological), disappearances, and cruel and inhuman treatment. Although we report the violations as crimes in the sense of the criminal law of Zimbabwe, they are also gross human rights violations in both human rights law and humanitarian law.

Torture is the most common of the violations reported. We have separated assaults from torture, as this is the way that the victims gave their own testimony, but in virtually all cases the assaults would be classified as torture. We have also separated intimidation and property destruction as they are often reported as distinct from torture, but it must be borne in mind that these are also forms of psychological torture and conform to the general definition of torture given in the United Nations Convention Against Torture and

Other Forms of Cruel, Inhuman and Degrading Treatment and Punishment. Cases that are considered 'organised violence' meet the first three criteria below but are not committed by agents of the State.

The four elements of torture are:

1. Severe **pain and suffering**, whether physical or mental
2. **Intentionally** inflicted
3. With a **purpose**
4. By a state official or another acting with the **acquiescence** of the State.

When this definition is applied to the cases below, it will be easily seen that the vast majority experienced torture.

Methodology

The primary sources of this report are statements taken by the Legal Unit of the Zimbabwe Human Rights NGO Forum from victims of political violence. Information was also gathered from reliable independent reports concerning the June 2000 parliamentary election. Seventy-two percent of the detailed statements used to compile this report are first-hand reports made by the victims to the Forum. The remaining statements are mostly first-hand reports as well compiled by reliable independent institutions. The statements that appear in italics were either recorded directly from an oral interview with a victim of political violence or were taken from written statements. In some cases notes were taken from a victim instead of a verbatim account and these appear in regular font.

This report shows a large disparity between crimes committed by Zanu (PF) supporters, including war veterans and CIO members, and other opposition parties such as the MDC. Every effort has been made to document political violence as objectively as possible but the fact remains that there were very few cases in which opposition party members were responsible for violence during the pre-election period in 2000. The Forum and the Amani Trust encourage all victims of political violence to come and record their statements regardless of political affiliation. We also advertise publicly for victims to seek us out for services. However, the pattern is clear. While there are isolated incidents implicating opposition members, it appears that only agents of the government and Zanu (PF) have a systematic strategy to employ violence for their political gain, as this report will show.

It is also important to note that this process is incomplete. At the time of this report we have taken statements from, or are in the process of taking statements from, victims from 14 of the 38 election challenges currently before the High Court concerning the run-up period to the June 2000 Parliamentary Elections. The first wave of victims came forward last year but much of our information has come from victims who have chosen to testify in the High Court challenges. It is likely that the number of alleged perpetrators will increase dramatically by the time all the cases are heard. Additionally, it is reasonable to assume that our information represents well less than half of the actual number of both cases of political violence and perpetrators. A complete assessment of political violence should be the job of an independent judicial commission. It should also be noted that the provinces of Bulawayo, Matebeleland North and Matebeleland South were not included in this report. While there is documented evidence that serious cases of political violence and torture took place during the first half of 2000, there was not sufficient information available to include those areas in this report.

Key Abbreviations

CIO – Central Intelligence Organization
MDC – Movement for Democratic Change

NCA – National Constitutional Assembly
UMP – Uzumba Maramba Pfungwe constituency
Zanu (PF) – Zimbabwe African National Union (Patriotic Front)
ZANLA – Zimbabwe African National Liberation Army (military wing of Zanu (PF) during the Liberation War)
ZRP – Zimbabwe Republic Police

Who was responsible?

Perpetrators of incidents of pre-election violence recorded by the Human Rights Forum are pre-dominantly from ZNLWVA (Zimbabwe National Liberation War Veterans Association) and Zanu (PF). In three incidents, perpetrators were from the MDC but were unnamed. What follows are excerpts from detailed statements of human rights violations resultant from incidents of political violence. The statements narrate the violations committed by specific perpetrators and correlate with the list of perpetrators. Generally, names of the victims have not been given to protect the persons involved. Names have only been provided if the account has been previously published or is part of the Court record. It has been noted, particularly during the electoral petitions in the High Court, that victims discovered to be seeking redress or making reports have become the subjects of additional psychological and physical torture.

In some cases high ranking party members of Zanu (PF) are directly involved. In others, they are named as instigators of violence. Several of those named as perpetrators are now sitting as MP's in parliament and never have or never will be prosecuted for the part they played in brutalizing men, women and children. There is no longer any doubt that violence was carried out on an organized basis since much of it was conducted from Zanu (PF) bases established at strategic points within specific constituencies. Those who headed bases and were the main perpetrators of violence in certain areas became well known and are named in numerous incidents. For instance, Norman Josaya became well known in Karoi and therefore was easily recognized by his victims, as was Wilson 'Biggie' Chitoro in Mberengwa.

Harare

The Zimbabwe Human Rights NGO Forum received over 90 reports of political violence within Harare province. Of these, eight of the incidents were perpetrated by arms of the State, i.e. the army, CIO or the police with the remainder of the perpetrators being mainly Zanu (PF) supporters and, in some instances, Zanu (PF) candidates. However, in spite of well-organised violence particularly in Budiriro, Mbare East and Mufakose, Zanu (PF) failed to gain a single seat in Harare Province. Urban voters generally were not cowed by threats, intimidation, assaults and torture. It is also worth noting that the areas in which terror campaigns were most prevalent were the areas in which Zanu (PF) candidates won their ticket to parliament, with the exception of urban areas.

Budiriro

Chenjerai Hunzvi also Ndlovu, Chanurwe and Mai Mahenda

Torture of opposition supporters was not uncommon in the pre-election period and was conducted at established torture bases such as Texas Ranch Farm in Mberengwa and Zanu (PF) Chikomba MP Chenjerai Hunzvi's surgery in Budiriro, Harare. An isolated act of torture could be unknown to the owner of a property, but in the case of Hunzvi's surgery at least seven incidents of torture and one murder occurred. The late Hunzvi must have been aware of the activities at this surgery. There are also numerous incidents in which he was alleged to have taken part in assaults and torture in other locations.

The following are statements from victims tortured at Hunzvi's surgery as well as a statement from the wife of Patrick Chipunza regarding her husband's murder at Hunzvi's surgery. Chipunza was allegedly dragged off a commuter omnibus and taken to home of Zanu (PF) Budiriro candidate Gladys Hokoyo. He was then taken to Hunzvi's surgery because Hokoyo was not at home. He was recaptured after escaping, severely assaulted and left for dead. The police transported him to Parirenyatwa Hospital where he later died.

Case 1: M.M. (Male) - 12 May 2000

*They took me to **Hunzvi's** surgery and beat me badly. This was on 12 May. They said, 'you are the secretary for MDC and the one who knows where Sithole stays'. I said, 'I don't know where he lives but I work with him'. They caught me by the hands. There were 12-14 of them. I was beaten on my buttocks till they were bleeding. They tortured me on both sides of my body using short circuit electrics plugged in. This was for about two days. There were about 9 women and 14 men involved. They were always coming and going. There was one controlling the gang. He was wearing a yellow tracksuit and had dreadlocks. He was the commander that hit me. He was middle aged and could be a war veteran. Three women said leave him or you may kill him. At night they put us in a toilet. There were nine victims when I was there. There was also a commuter driver and a conductor. They were taken because they refused to stop on the orders of the war veterans. I was beaten and tortured on the first day and the second morning. Then someone just turned up and said, 'leave him as he may not be one of the MDC supporters'. When I was released I reported to police but they said they couldn't do anything with these war veterans. The following Tuesday they were arrested but later released.*

Case 2: M.S. (Male) — May 2000

*I was coming from work. I am self-employed. I had gone to Ziggy's place and was drinking. It was around 8:00 pm. There were five Zanu (PF) youths who came there and abducted me. They took me because they knew my brother was a supporter of MDC. I don't know who identified me. They asked me my name and I said, '(name withheld)' and then I regretted it. They dragged me, beating me and I called for help. There were two or three who arrested me and they squeezed my private parts. It was less than fifty metres to the surgery (**Hunzvi's**). When I saw the direction I was going I realised I was in great danger and tried to escape. Some were kicking me and one guy was holding my neck.*

*When we got to the surgery I was thrown into the crowd and then beaten. It was in what would have been the reception room. One woman shouted from behind that this is (name withheld). Later I was given into custody of the top guys. **Ndlovu**, who is Ndebele is the commander-in-chief. **Chanurwe** is another one.*

*I was kept there being ill-treated for four days. A woman called **Mai Mahenda** was very rough with me. I was bleeding that time through my nose and mouth. I was either in the vehicle, a land cruiser where 16 others were also locked, or I was kept in the toilet. I was beaten firstly then they took a broomstick broken where the broom bit was and the beat me with that on my back, my buttocks, my hands or under my foot. They asked, 'who has a heart to finish him off', and they produced a knife. There was one volunteer. I knew him as the quartermaster. He was responsible for feeding them. Then one old man from the rural areas asked them to spare me. He was part of the Zanu (PF) war veterans. He was Ndebele, light-skinned with a bulging head. They took me to the bathroom and made me swing round and round until I saw "Smith's eye". I was dizzy and I vomited. Then they made me lie in the bath under the shower water and took off my shirt and rolled it and tied it round my mouth. They took me to the toilet bowl and put my head in it. Then they called others and told them to relieve themselves in it. I pretended to be unconscious. And on the third day during the night, a Zanu (PF) lady went to the surgery and told them to release me.*

Case 3: E.M. (Male) — 11 May 2000

*On a Thursday last (11 May) I happened to be moving around. I was on my way back from Zioja church in Budiriro 5. After paying money there I went to Budiriro 4. I wanted to meet someone who had asked me to plaster his house. On my way from where I was to my job, I saw Zanu PF people were at the shops having a meeting. They asked me: "Where do you come from." I said, "Budiriro 2. I'm here to see a person." I was not wearing an MDC T-shirt, but I am an MDC member. They said I was an MDC spy. I was taken to **Dr Hunzvi's** surgery and there I found two young boys, aged about 17-20 who had been caught on a rally. They had no T-shirts or cards. They were also from Budiriro. When I got inside I was given a paper to write all of the structures of MDC, the Chairman, organising secretary, MP etc. As a member I have never participated and didn't know anything. They detained me from just before 12 midday on Thursday to around 1pm on Friday. They were beating me and using electric wires. They changed over; sometimes there were three, sometimes two. They took our clothes. Three of us were locked all naked in one room. Three people could be hitting one person at a time. I have wounds of wires all over my body. At around 11 p.m. on Thursday night, they took us out into the yard inside the wall around the premises, but outside the house. There were a good number of them, more than forty. They wanted us out so they could sleep inside. We were guarded outside. I was beaten. I can't hear with one of my ears now and someone stuck his finger in my eye. I could identify only one person who resides in Budiriro. I have known him since about 1996. Most of the guys are Ndebele speakers. Some of the people at the surgery are war veterans, others are not. The last guy who released me is a soldier from Mutare. When MDC started campaigning, I participated. I was chosen to be vice organising secretary in the ward of Budiriro 2. A policeman was standing there. Even around 12 midnight where we were. He*

was near us just outside, trying to get them to release us. During the day the police were not allowed inside the wall, but at night they were allowed to come and take victims out. Those young guys were not released because they wrote down some names of those in the party structures. They were kept and told that they would be released if the other guys whose names they had mentioned were found and brought in. I was allowed to go, but the others were not. The policeman remained inside and continued to try and persuade them to release the others. I made a report to the police and they gave us letters to go to hospital.

Case 4: M.C. (Male) — 8 May 2000

*Last Monday (8 May) I was taken to **Hunzvi's** surgery. We were at the shopping centre trying to buy bread - myself and Wilson Mandeya and Patrick Mutodanziso. I am well known, someone must have pointed me out. Patrick is (MDC) youth chairman for Budiriro 3. There were about 20 of them. But they were also about 90 war veterans who came to the shops. It was about 7:30 in the morning. They caught Patrick and me but Wilson escaped. They took us to the surgery and told us to remove our clothes. They started to beat us on the ribs with a wooden stick. They tortured us with car jumpers (jump leads). They gave us electric jolts under the arms and on the genitals. They wanted to know our names and positions. They came with a book where names and positions were written. I told them a false name, but when I was checking the book I saw my real name. No 10 on the list with a star beside it. They told me the names with the star are the ones we want. Then they asked me where the others are and where they stay. They beat me under foot using electrical wires. We were tortured in shifts of guys and including women and they were different people who came each time. I told them that I am not MDC but in the NCA so they started to ask me about Lovemore Madhuku (former NCA vice-chairman) and others. The commander there is an old man, an ex-combatant. A group of them came from Gutu and some from my home village there. There were about 150 people there altogether. It is a big house with seven rooms. The women were fond of electrical jolts, they seemed like war veterans. They were not only war vets. Some of them were young, some even less than 22. They spoke Shona, Ndebele, Venda. They just wanted me to go back from MDC. They want us to surrender T-shirts and cards and said that if you join us then we can give you money. They said some of the people there used to be MDC but have changed to Zanu PF, but I didn't see any I knew. They may be lying. After about three hours then the police support unit came. They didn't come in, but those inside saw the police and told me to put on my clothes and get out of the surgery. They let me out but not Patrick.*

Case 5: S.M. (Female) — 11 August 2000

*My husband was an MDC member and ward treasurer in Budiriro 2. On the 14th of May 2000, my husband, Patrick Chipunza, left home around 9am going to buy some goods. On the way back Zanu (PF) members whom I do not know forcefully abducted him from the public transport he was using. They took him to **Chenjerai Hunzvi's** surgery in Budiriro 4 and started assaulting him. They beat him to death. I went and reported the matter on the following day at ZRP Glen View and I was told by one of the officers about the whole incident and he alleged that they had taken to him to Harare Hospital only to receive a call later that he had passed away. My husband was self-employed as a cobbler. I am currently finding it very difficult to fend for my two children who are not yet at school. My husband was laid to rest on the 20th of May 2000 and the funeral expenses were covered by the MDC to the tune of $15 000.*

Case 6: F.N. (Male) — 7 January 2000

*Tortured at the Bikita Minerals by members of the ZANU (PF) led by **Chenjerai Hunzvi**.*
They hit him with an iron bar on the lower part of each leg. When he was walking along the main road they forced him to participate in their rally at Svosvera Growth Point. Anyone not present was assaulted. Suffered injuries. Matter could no be reported to the police, because some of them were involved in the assault.

Case 7: L. S. (Male) — 12 January 2001

*Threatened at the Nyika Growth Point in Bikita with death by a group of ZANU (PF) supporters, armed with guns, iron bars and knobkerries, led by **Chenjerai Hunzvi**. Suffered injuries on the right arm, when he tried to escape. Did not report nor seek medical treatment out of fear of victimization. About 20 MDC supporters fled into the mountains.*

Kambuzuma

Case 8: D.M. (Male) — 28 April 2000

I am the youth district chairman for MDC in Kambuzuma. On 28 April 2000 I held a meeting at the section 3 shops in Mufakose to arrange for primary elections on the morrow. After the meeting we went to drink beer. Around 9 pm

I left for home. On my way I saw a blue 504, and a white Sunny and a cream Mazda 626. The owner of the Sunny is CIO. After some 500 metres from the shops, the 626 sped and stopped in front. The back passenger dropped out and pointed a gun. He slapped me in the face and pushed me into the car. He said we should not hold MDC meetings anywhere. They said: "You think you are clever, you MDC people are now behaving like you are already ruling the country." There were four men in the back of the car and two in the front. One of them I recognise. He is from the ***President's office****. I recognise him from Kambazuma. I know where he lives. They were also* ***CIOs*** *in the car. I was forced to sit on the lap of one of them who was sitting in the back. I was sitting in the middle and my arms were outstretched. Each arm was handcuffed and it was held by the two guys sitting on either side of the car. The guy in the front seat was slapping me in the face. The other one was sitting behind me and hitting me at the back. I screamed and a cloth was put in my mouth. The car moved. I was bleeding. They took me to a bush near Willowvale industrial area. When they parked the driver didn't come out, but the others took me out. I was made to lie on my back and one of them was stepping on my stomach. Two were holding handcuffs with arms outstretched. One of them took a wire from the car and put it in my anus. Then he put it in my penis as well. I fainted and they left me for dead. I came round twice. Once on the spot and then I got to the road and a car found me and took me to Kambuzuma police. I came round again at the police station. An ambulance was called. I fainted again and I don't know how I got to hospital. At the hospital, they came two times asking for me. The first time they came on the 3rd of the month. One of the guys came to the hospital, when I was in bed. I saw him and I told the sister who was in the ward and she went to call the police, but he went away. The following morning he came and said I'm a doctor. He actually came and examined my stomach. I recognised him. My brother was there. Afterwards when the doctor came back the CIO went away. My brother asked the doctor about him and he confirmed he's not a doctor, saying he thought he must have been a friend of ours. He was wearing a blue T-shirt.*

Mbare East

Ali Manjengwa, George Tsvuura, Admore, Baba Dhi, Gozho Simango, Edmore Tinaruro, Miriam, Jahannes Mudhuwiwa, Stanley 'Rasta' and Paddington Nyama

Case 9: L.M. & P.M. (Male, Female) — 15 June 2000

On our way back from a campaign mission at Ivan's farm we met Zanu (PF) supporters in a white pick-up. They were carrying small axes, bicycle chains and knobkerries and screwdrivers. They had another sharp object that I don't know which they used to try and mark an axe on my back. They stripped us both of our T-shirts and beat us. They beat the lady I was with, P.M. and Alois Nhizva, the candidate. They chased him and pushed him in the water in a quarry. They took $14,000 cash from him and $3000 from me. They destroyed the car headlamps and left me for dead. P.M. was unconscious. Farm workers found us and they poured water on us. We walked a distance and then couldn't go any further. Then a lady driving by saw us and took us to Parirenyatwa. The assailants are resident in Mbare and we gave the police their names but no arrests were made. Their leader was ***Ali Manjengwa****. The others are* ***George Tsvuura****,* ***Admore****,* ***Baba Dhi****,* ***Gozho Simango****. When they were beating us they told us we have to do our work because we get good pay. Ali said: "We must take the T-shirts or you will die for nothing." Ali was once arrested, but Tony Gara is said to have gone and got him out of the police station telling them they could not arrest his campaign manager. He is the one who sponsored them and sometimes went to their base or their meeting place at the Zanu (PF) offices in Mbare.*

Case 10: R.M. (Male) — 1 June 2000

On the 1st of June I was campaigning on Derbyshire Farm with about 36 people, and there were about 120-150 people attending the meeting. While I was addressing the people, a white Mazda pick-up carrying about 15 people wearing Zanu (PF) t-shirts drove up. I know some of them: ***Ali Majengwa, Edmore Tinaruro****,* ***Miriam****,* ***Jahannes Mudhuwiwa****,* ***Stanley*** *"****Rasta****",* ***Paddington Nyama****,* ***George Tsvuura****, and several others. They were wielding sjamboks, iron bars, bicycle chains and knobkerries. Since my people were not armed, I advised them to flee for their lives. The Zanu (PF) people started attacking everyone who was present at the rally. I ran away. It's a rocky area, and many people fell down, injuring themselves. The Zanu (PF) supporters caught up with me whilst shouting, "We want (name withheld)!" Ali Majengwa pushed me over a cliff. I fell a distance of about 6m into the dip and injured my left leg on the shin. I crawled for about 40 to 50 minutes, trying to get away form the assailants. I managed to reach the Seke road and hired a lift to Chitungwiza Police Station where I made a report. We arrived back at the site of the incident to find that the tyres on my car had been deflated, and some of the property and parts of the car had been stolen. The damage to the car comes to about $10 000, and the spare wheel, jack, wheel*

spanner and my jacket were also stolen. There was a sum of about $38 000 stolen in cash as well. A report was compiled by the Waterfalls Police but the police now claim that the docket has been lost.

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Mufakose

Sabina Thembani, 'Cobra'

Sabina Thembani, while not personally committing the violations, hired youths to torture Mufakose residents. Youths were employed to monitor movements of suspected MDC supporters and to attack them. These youths received salaries of between $500 and $700 a week and were paid for bringing in MDC t-shirts with the blood of supporters on them. As a result, incidents of people being systematically assaulted have become very common in Mufakose.

Case 11: T.M.D. (Male) — 11 May 2000

*After a rally in February thugs employed by **Sabina Thembani** attacked us. There were about fifteen people armed with iron bars, axes, hoes and stones. We had not anticipated such violence and as a matter of fact we did not have anything to defend ourselves and everyone that could, ran away. Unfortunately five of our members were assaulted - one of them an elderly man of about 76 years old. His name is Sydney Pandehuni. He was severely assaulted and sustained deep cuts on the back of his head.*

Case 12: B.M. (Male) — May 2000

B.M and a youth organising secretary were abducted from their homes and taken to **Sabina Thembani's** Zanu PF offices in Mufakose and severely assaulted. They both fainted during the assaults, were doused with water and as soon as they recovered they were beaten again until Sabina herself claimed she was tired of the beating and called off the assault. They were then dragged out of the office premises.

Case 13: T.D. (Male) — 11 May 2000

*They came to my place and produced pistols and they took cards and T-shirts to surrender to **Sabina Thembani**. They come to my place on a daily basis. We have tried with the police, but as soon as you give a complaint your details are there. The police have told us: "You MDC people - we want nothing to do with you". **Cobra**, one of the MP's thugs was arrested but when he was taken to court Sabina Thembani came and they released him. She was ululating.*

Manicaland

Buhera North

Kainos 'Kitsiyatota' Zimunya and Joseph Mwale

Kainos Zimunya was an election agent for Zanu (PF) Buhera North MP Kenneth Manyonda. In the Buhera North election petition, Sanderson Makombe named Zimunya and Joseph Mwale as being responsible for the deaths of MDC campaign workers Talent Mabika and Tichaona Chiminya.

Mr Makombe alleges that he was in the twin cab with Ms. Mabika and Mr Chiminya when a Zanu (PF) labelled vehicle stopped them and began to beat them while he and his colleagues were still in the twin cab. According to his testimony, he escaped out of the back of the vehicle while the others tried to hide in the front seat. He then heard Ms. Mabika screaming and also heard someone call for petrol bombs to be brought from the Zanu (PF) vehicle. Petrol was poured on Mr Chiminya and Ms. Mabika and then poured under the hood of the vehicle. A bomb was thrown and the vehicle caught fire. Mr Makombe alleges that he ran back to the vehicle to pull his two colleagues out. When he did, their skin was flaking off from the burns and their clothes were still alight. Mr Chiminya was pronounced dead at the scene and Ms. Mabika died after being taken to the hospital.

Despite numerous witnesses implicating Mwale in the murders he has not yet been detained. The docket in which Mwale and Zimunya are cited as prime suspects in the murders of Chiminya and Mabika was sent by Mutare Police to Police General Headquarters in Harare for them to forward to the Attorney General's Office. Police sources say the police chiefs are still holding the file. Mwale and Zimunya were summoned to testify in the Buhera North petition but disappeared before they could be brought to court.

After the trial Justice James Devittie cited section 137 of the Electoral Act that allows him to forward any illegal act discovered in the course of court proceedings to the Attorney General for prosecution. He forwarded information to Attorney General Andrew Chigovera but as yet no action has been taken.

Case 14: D.M. (Male) — 15 April 2000

At Murambinda Growth Point after an MDC executive meeting he was approached by **Joseph Mwale**, a CIO agent and assaulted with an empty beer bottle.

Case 15: B.M. (Female) 15 April 2000

Approached by a CIO agent, **Joseph Mwale**. She was assaulted in the face as a reprisal for chanting MDC slogans. She was further assaulted all over the body with booted feet and clenched fists.

Makoni East

Erengwe, Happymore Dafi, Ndongwe and Revai Nyamombe

Case 16: T. C (Male) — 14 June 2000

Attended Zanu (PF) rally addressed by Minister of Defense and Makoni West MP Moven Mahachi. He was identified as an MDC supporter and therefore an infiltrator. Attacked with machetes, logs and sjamboks by **Erengwe**, **Happymore Dafi**, **Ndongwe** and **Revai Nyamombe**. Sustained injuries on back.

Shadreck Chipanga

Zanu PF Makoni East MP Shadreck Chipanga, who is also a former director of the CIO, is alleged to have set up a base in Nyazura from which Zanu (PF) youths launched their operations.

Case 17: T.B.M. (Male) — 9 April 2000

I was wearing an MDC t-shirt and going to an MDC rally at Mabvazuva in Rusape in the company of J.M. Six people alighted from a white defender and kidnapped us. ***Shadreck Chipanga*** *was with them. We were taken along Wedza Road and assaulted with sticks and iron bars. I sustained injuries to my back and currently experiences problems with my spinal cord. There were 12 people in the vehicle. We were threatened with death and being buried alive. We were told to remove our t-shirts and support Zanu (PF) if we wanted to survive. They took us to Mucheke River and threatened to throw us into it. Chipanga then gave the order for us to be spared. We were dumped at Mucheke River about 23kms from Rusape.*

Case 18: Amos Kutiya — April 2000

Mr Amos Kutiya testified that he witnessed Shadreck Chipanga assault MDC supporter David Sundai. Chipanga then allegedly stood by as Zanu (PF) youth tortured Mr Sundai. Mr Kutiya was at his homestead when he saw a blue Nissan twin-cab arrive. He recognized the car because he had seen Zanu (PF) supporters using it on party business in the area. He recognized Chipanga immediately because the respondent had once given him a ride to Rusape. Mr Kutiya stated that Chipanga hit Mr Sundai with an open hand and also identified Lloyd Chipunza as an assailant. He also was able to identify William Venge as a member of a Zanu (PF) gang known to assault MDC supporters in the area. After the assault, Mr Kutiya went to help Mr Sundai up but the victim could not stand. His face was swollen and bloody and he could not see properly.

Makoni North

Case 19: C.J. (Male) — 7 June 2000

About 30 MDC supporters attacked C.J. after dragging him from his house with a sisol rope tied around his neck. He was beaten with motorcycle chains on the head and iron bars on the legs. C.J. sustained serious injuries on the head. He also broke his arm and right leg. His assailants left him for dead when he fell unconscious. C.J. dragged himself to a neighbor's house after regaining consciousness where he was assisted by John Chokono, who took him to Rusape General Hospital. The incident was reported to Rusape Police. C.J. identified ***Robert Tauro*** *among his assailants. Tauro is a well-known MDC supporter.*

Mashonaland Central

Bindura and Mount Darwin South

Border Gezi, Saviour Kasukuwere, Paddington Zhanda, Pindirire, John Karicoga, Terry Marodza, 'John', Comrade Satan, Joyce Mujuru and John Chiteve

What follows is an account given by Elliot Pfebve, the MDC Candidate for Bindura, who narrowly avoided numerous attempts on his life in the run-up to the 2000 elections. He recounts a specific incident in which Zanu (PF) and MDC youth by the hundreds clashed and were only stopped by the intervention of the army who arrived in a helicopter. Former Zanu (PF) Bindura MP Border Gezi is implicated as a key figure in these acts of violence. Mr Pfebve tells of the violent atmosphere in Bindura during the campaign and the lengths to which Zanu (PF) supporters, CIO members and war veterans were prepared to go to disrupt the MDC's ability to campaign. 'Zulu', an MDC organiser, has also given an account of attempts on his life and mentions a letter issued by Zanu (PF) Mt. Darwin North MP and Acting Defense Minister Joyce Mujuru that offered $25 000 for his murder. This letter found its way across the border to Mozambique where police there were aware of the reward.

Mr Pfebve was involved in another attack by Zanu (PF) supporters surrounding the Bindura by-election that was held after the seat was left vacant by the death of Border Gezi. On 22 July 2001, Mr Pfebve was travelling in a 13-vehicle convoy that was also carrying MDC President Morgan Tsvangirai and a number of MDC MP's. The convoy was travelling throughout the constituency campaigning ahead of the 28-29 July vote. According to newspaper reports, the convoy was attacked by approximately 100 Zanu (PF) youths. Although the MDC leadership, including Mr Pfebve, escaped without injury, five persons in the convoy were seriously injured and an MDC vehicle was burned. MDC Security Director Tendai Nyamushanya claims that a local Zanu (PF) councillor, John Machivepi, led the group.

Case 20: Elliot Pfebve, MDC MP candidate in Bindura — June 2000

Some of our members were beaten by Zanu (PF) supporters who were sent there by ***Border Gezi*** *to flush out MDC supporters. According to people in Manenga, Gezi arrived at that scene, dropped off the youth in his truck and then left them to unleash the violence. Our MDC supporters phoned us to say 'we are being beaten', so we sent our own youth to rescue them. We sent a lot of them, but when they got there they went amok and started beating Zanu (PF) in retaliation. There was a serious battle and Zanu (PF) were outnumbered. Some of our MDC youth were arrested; 11 of them are still on remand. But after that incident Zanu (PF) realised how strong MDC was and they became afraid to attack in Bindura area.*

I had a rally at Musiwa business centre at the end of February. That used to be in my constituency, but has now been cut out. Gezi knows me well. We are both businessmen and both from Mashonaland Central. We used to interact. But before that rally, Gezi hired youth from Mashonaland East using vehicles supplied by ***Paddy Zhanda*** *(the provincial chairman for Zanu (PF) Mashonaland East). These people came earlier. There were about 150 of them. They were armed, including with a gun. Some of our youth came early to put up posters. They beat six of them before I arrived. When I got there I saw this truck and a pick-up. There were people with iron bars, axes and hoes and I realised they couldn't be our supporters as no one would come armed like that to a rally. This time I was driving a Mazda 626. I stopped in front of them. At first they didn't attack me. The Zanu (PF) supporters were from another province and they didn't know me. At least they knew the name, but not my face. But then they saw our*

supporters who were running towards me for help. They realised who I was and began coming to me with weapons saying, "Burn the car". I got out of my car and drew my firearm. They all rushed back and got into their truck. The driver wanted to speed off. I stopped the vehicle. They were farm labourers from Zhanda's farm. Some were women. I managed to hold them until the police arrived and escorted them to Shamva police station. There were twelve people identified as having been trouble causers. They were arrested, but were released the same day. Apparently Zhanda and Border Gezi went to Shamva and got them. There are some police officers who are sympathetic and they told me what happened. The member in charge just said he had instructions from above to release them and there is no docket and no charges. I have come through hell on earth.

In April, we had booked a rally through the police in Mount Darwin. I am the national co-ordinator for Mashonaland Central so I do rallies in other constituencies to beef up support. We travelled to Mount Darwin the day before the rally and we wanted to put up in town. There were about 300 of us. We were stopped just before we reached there by the police and told to wait until their bosses would come and tell us why it was not safe to proceed. These people were supposed to come from the police station about 10 kms away. After waiting 40 minutes or so we decided to go to the police station to check why we were being told to wait. When we got to the police station we were told by the member in charge that Zanu (PF) doesn't want us to have a rally; that Mount Darwin is a no-go area for MDC. We protested that it was unlawful; that the police had given the go-ahead for the rally and we wanted them to cover it. We were not allowed to leave the police camp and we slept there overnight. At 5:30 am, the Zanu (PF) youths came to the camp. We discovered that the member in charge had notified Kasukuwere that MDC were at the police camp. There were about 40 youths toyi toying and chanting slogans and more were said to be behind.

In the morning, the police told us to give them time. They said they needed more manpower so we decided to go to Rushinga for breakfast. We arrived in Rushinga and had food there. The police from Mount Darwin must have been telling Zanu (PF) to bring more people as they had seen our number. The member in charge in Rushinga is professional. He called me and told me that Zanu (PF) had mounted an ambush about 20 km from Mount Darwin and he was right. We decided to proceed as there was no other route to get to Mount Darwin. When we were approaching the spot we saw lots of police officers in Santana and Defender police vehicles. There must have been about nine. They had been sent from Bindura, Rushinga, Shamva and Dotito. They were the reinforcements that had been called from all over. The police told us to stop and we did. There were Zanu (PF) youths by the roadside throwing stones at us. There must have been about 600. Later the police told us that they had been taken from other constituencies. There were running battles between Zanu (PF) and MDC. The police fired tear gas and live bullets in the air. Zanu (PF) was also firing guns. Eventually the Zanu (PF) youths ran away. Little did we know that there had been two ***CIOs*** *sent from the* ***President's Office*** *to assassinate me. I was in my car at first, but then got out and was on foot with the police. Then as we moved a distance away from the ambush a Nissan pick up came out of the bushes and hit my car. They had been waiting for the confusion so that they could do this. They had planned to hit my vehicle and both of them would turn and then they would fire. In fact that is what happened. They hit my car but it didn't overturn. It was being driven by my driver, Timothy Mukwengwe. There was a period when the two cars were spinning and hitting each other like in a movie. They damaged the front bumper and headlights. But when they realised I wasn't in it they sped off. The CIOs must have called for more reinforcements.*

As we went towards Mount Darwin, there were four pick-ups and a maroon Mercedes which belongs to Kasukuwere waiting for us. There was another truck with Zanu (PF) supporters in it, about 80 of them armed with iron rods and other weapons. They were coming from Mount Darwin. They sped past us and made a U turn near the Mount Darwin-Rushinga turn off. I was now driving my car again. Then the same car that smashed my car the first time now drove into the Toyota Hilux, which is also mine, and (name withheld) was driving. Then they blocked the road and four of them pulled their pistols, including ***Kasukuwere****. Then they began smashing the windscreens of vehicles. (name withheld)'s car was very close when Kasukuwere hit him. He was injured in his eye during the smashing of the glass with iron bars. Another man was beating people in a truck. Kasukuwere personally tried to open the doors to beat the driver and his assistant, but the door was locked from inside and he couldn't get in. By then of all the vehicles only mine was not smashed. The people on the back had run away. I saw him [Kasukuwere]. He was looking at me. I had my gun ready inside the car, but I don't think they could see it. That was when the army arrived.*

An army helicopter was hovering and then it landed. Three army officers jumped out. They ordered everyone to lie down and everyone complied except Kasukuwere. He was asked to identify himself and he said he was a candidate for Zanu (PF). They told him that they don't belong to Zanu (PF) and he must lie down and he did obey. They beat him and disarmed him. They said to Kasukuwere, "We were watching you and you are the main culprit". The army beat three Zanu (PF) members, but no one from MDC. Another truck then arrived full of Zanu (PF) and they were stopped and asked to disembark and lie down on the ground. We were then allowed to proceed and the army instructed the police to escort us to Bindura. Kasukuwere was ordered to be locked up in the cells, but he was set free at the police station. Many of our guys had run away when the army arrived fearing them. I was still there

until dark calling people with a loudhailer to come out from the bush. Some heeded the call, but some thought it was Zanu (PF). Some were missing for two days, as they didn't trust anything or anyone. They travelled about 60 kms to Bindura. It all happened near to Chihuri's house [the Commissioner of Police]. Some of our members ran to his house, but there are war veterans gathered there and they were beaten by them. (Name withheld) was also one of those who ran. His eye had been damaged by Kasukuwere, but not destroyed. He ran with six others moving on foot. They entered a farm which had been invaded and they didn't know there were war veterans on it. There were about 60 of them. (Name withheld) and the others were captured and beaten severely. That was when the beaten eye ruptured.

After failing to kill me in this incident, they decided to unleash the terror on my family. They attacked our house (1 May) in Mukumbura and beat my father. He now has two broken fingers. They kidnapped my brother and murdered him. The police arrested six and I realised that they were trying to cover up and I went to the provincial commissioner in Bindura. The attack happened 500 metres from a police post. I knew about the Zanu (PF) supporters who had been staying in Kamzenzere School. There were people there from all over Muzarabani, Centenary, Shamva and Mount Darwin. I knew that some policemen were involved with them, sharing the meat they brought there. The provincial commissioner told me, "We are doing our best", but I said six out of 400 is not enough.

When I got to Mukumbura for the funeral I wanted to hunt for those I knew who had done it. The police knew about this. I wanted to hand them over to the police. I caught two and they were also arrested. Among those on remand now are ***Pindirire****, a local war veteran and* ***Karicoga****.* ***Terry Marodza*** *remains free although he is the campaign manager for the violence, the person in charge of all the atrocities with Kasukuwere. I have heard they have parted ways now but I don't know it if is true. Border Gezi and others had plotted to kill me. There was a meeting at Tendai Hall in Bindura which lasted two hours in early April. There they were drawing up a hit squad and making a list of priorities. They didn't agree at that meeting so they had another one at the Kimba Relief Hotel. This was a four-hour meeting. Comrade Sarodzi was present at both. Apparently they finally agreed and high on the list was my head and whoever killed me was to get $300 000. Sarodzi was on that committee, but he refused. Also on that committee were other war veterans,* ***John****, a councillor in Bindura (possibly John Chiteve who is a councillor in Bindura and has been implicated in other acts of violence), Mugarapanyama, a guard at Bindura primary school, John Karicoga who is the one who killed my brother and who has now been arrested and* ***Comrade Satan****. Sarodzi was very powerful during the war.*

After this meeting he sent word that he wanted to see me and he told me what had happened and who were the members of the committee. He said, "We went to war because we had a reason to fight as we would lead a better life. But now I am in poverty, my children are not working. I didn't fight only so Mugabe would have power. I fought to have a better life. Now I want to join MDC as change is what we need." About two weeks after my brother's death, Gezi had a rally in Dande. That was when my shop in Gomo business centre was destroyed and looted. I have now had to close it. It was the same time as Sarodzi was attacked [10 May].

Then three weeks ago, when I was coming from Bindura there was another incident. There was a policeman, Michael Langweni, whom I had given a T-shirt to and they arrested him for wearing it. Since then he resigned saying he couldn't work for the present government and would rather not be employed. So I employed him and now he is my personal security. We were all coming from Bindura. There are no dangers there and we can wear T-shirts. In fact the other day the MDC youths even put posters up at the Zanu (PF) provincial office and those inside did not say anything. That day, we decided to pass through Glendale in Mazowe East. What we didn't know was that at Glendale town centre there are youths permanently stationed at the rank. They are sleeping in the council beer halls and the Cocktail bar. The youth chairman from Bindura, Tongai, was wearing an MDC T-shirt. Michael and Tongai went to get drinks. Tongai was attacked by these Zanu (PF) youths who were armed with knives and iron bars. Michael was trying to assist him. I had another bodyguard who fired six rounds in the air with my gun. By then Langwani was stabbed in the thigh and Tongai was stabbed in the thigh and stomach and he was unconscious. His clothes were full of blood and I rushed him to hospital for stitches. My bodyguard was arrested by the police for firing the gun and taken to Concession police station. After the hospital I went there and had bitter words with the member in charge who is pro-Zanu (PF). We know each other. I demanded the release of the bodyguard. Eventually he released him, but he refused to hand over my gun. I had to go back the next day to get it.

Case 21: Sarodzi Chavakanaka [Chimurenga name: Zulu] (Male) — 10 May 2000

Last month I began to mobilise people. I am a former war veteran for ZANLA. I am well known. I was the security and intelligence officer for ZANLA for Nehanda sector during the Chimurenga. I was also working under the Presidential Guard since independence and I retired in 1997. The first incident happened on 13 or 14 April. I was on a bus getting home with John Zvenyika, my relative from Buhera. We got off in Mt Darwin around 6-7:00 pm. The youngsters they have hired were at the Zanu (PF) office. We were having drinks when I was seen by Marodza. We got back in the bus, but the bus was stopped by Zanu (PF) youths and we were pulled out. We were pushed into

the Zanu (PF) office. I was holding a gas canister which they thought may be a bomb so they pushed us out again. Fortunately at that moment some soldiers were driving by. They saw us and took us into their armoured vehicle, then the bus was told to follow them. At a certain point they stopped and we got back on the bus and went home. The case was reported at Dotito, but Marodza was never picked up. They have been trying to kidnap me because they know I have all the information about Zanu (PF) since I used to once be an aspiring candidate for that party in my area. But I gave the seat to someone called Patel. They know I am popular. I was organising well and I went as far as Kaytan. In one month MDC support boomed. There were no Zanu (PF) in my area. When they realised that is when I began to have big problems. I could not travel on any bus. There were people waiting for me everywhere. On 10 May I was beaten. There was a rally by ***Border Gezi*** *at the Dande shops. I was outside. I wanted to come to town to Harare to draw money. I was talking to some MDC supporters as I waited for the bus. There were about seven of us. Then when someone from the rally saw me, they left the rally with the intention of kidnapping and killing me. There were two trucks of Zanu (PF) supporters - more than 40 of them. I was beaten badly. They had axes, spears and sticks. They attacked us and I was injured on the eye, leg, head and chest. I fought until they left me for dead. If there is a tense situation here, we cross into Mozambique since we are near the border. It's about 4 kms to the border from my house. I was trying to escape, but was wounded. There is a land mine company called Minetec, which found me and the doctor treated me. They are doing mine clearance near the border and because no one can come through those areas where they took me for treatment; that is how I survived. Then I decided to look for my relative Kagogoda who is Mozambican. I fought myself for Frelimo in 1971 so I know the area. My relative John had already heard of the fighting at Dande and he gapped into Mozambique to find Kagogoda. He reached Kagogoda's home and I came later. Then John went out to look for cigarettes and he was captured by the Frelimo police. Kagogoda was also caught and he was told to go and find me.* ***Joyce Mujuru*** *had given them the order to kill me. They were told they would be paid $25,000. John was held for four days, but Kagogoda came and told me to run. I went from there to Dzete, then Nyamapanda and then to Harare. The people who are organising this violence in my area are Gezi, Mujuru and* ***Marodza****. The youths are said to be paid $500 a day. They were staying at the Kamsenzere school camp under Marodza, but one of the leaders there,* ***Karicoga****, was arrested after the Pfebve's brother was killed. I was there at that time of the battle in Mukumbura when they came to kill him. I am sure I saw Marodza in a car even today in Harare. I suspect he has been sent to look for me and I am even having to hide here. I cannot stay in one place for long. [Note: John Zvenyika was present during the interview and confirmed this statement also adding that, " When I was imprisoned by those Frelimo, they showed me that letter from Mujuru saying that Zulu must be caught with $25 000 for his head. They were thinking of telling Mujuru that I was the one. Then they decided they would release me for $4000, which Kagogoda managed to raise from Zulu. After I gave them the money I was released."]*

Saviour Kasukuwere, Border Gezi, Nicholas Goche and Chen Chimutengwende

Case 22: N.M. (Male) — 13 April 2000

We had gone for a rally in Mount Darwin on 13 April. When we reached Mount Darwin, the police took us to the police camp and said 'You can't do your rally here because the Zanu (PF) candidate for Mt Darwin, ***Saviour Kasukuwere****, doesn't want to see you here'. He's an ex-CIO. We said we have booked for the rally and if they want to kill us they can do so here. Our national coordinator said we should go to Rushinga as the situation was not so tense there and we could eat freely, then come back for the rally later. After coming from Rushinga, we passed Kasukuwere's house along the road. He had hired about 1000 youths. They were by the roadside. He was not there and had gone to fetch more people in a lorry. There were also two vehicles belonging to CIOs. The youths on the road started throwing stones and the police fired teargas at us instead of those who were attacking. There were two men in police uniforms, but they were not really police. I know those guys from Bindura. I worked at Kelly's restaurant which was beside the CIO office and I used to see them all the time. They were CIOs. There were also two CIOs in soldiers uniform. They were armed with sub-machine guns and pistols. I was driving a Toyota Hilux and I had hired a kombi. We had a lorry, and a Nissan diesel which belongs to Elliot Pfebve, the aspiring candidate for Bindura. All the boys from the cars got down to take stones and throw them back so that we could pass through. We succeeded in fighting back and managed to move forward. Among the attackers were ex-combatants and some of them were armed with guns. Then we drove forward towards Mt Darwin. When we reached the junction of the road, Kasukuwere was there in his Benz with more than 500 youths in a lorry. He pointed a gun and fired shots from a pistol. He fired about seven, but they didn't hit anyone. The first one nearly hit me as I was at the front, but I ducked down. I was at the front of the delegation driving. He must have aimed at me because then I would crash and he could have attacked the others on the back. They youths were throwing stones at us. We managed again to keep on driving through them. There were policemen standing on the corners. They shouted we should turn towards Bindura. We did so, but we went about 500 metres, before he overtook in his Mercedes and with the Mazda's belonging to the CIO. They blocked the road and we were forced to stop. Kasukuwere and the others were*

pointing their guns at us. Then the police drove up just next to my car. It was the Officer-in-Charge for Mt Darwin. He must have heard something was going on and he came with six other police cars. But Kasukuwere went to the policeman and said: "We told you we don't want to see these MDC people here. This is a no-go area for MDC." He hit him across the face with his hand, and the police cars pulled over to the side to watch from a distance, like it was a football match. Then Kasukuwere took an iron bar and started hitting my windscreen. He broke through the window and then the bar hit me on the face and when I got out of the car he hit me in the eye. I have now lost that eye. He then went to the next car and with the others they were hitting them. The windscreens and all the lights were all broken. Then there was a helicopter above and when I heard it I began to run and I managed to run into the bushes. But although I escaped, he made others lie down in a circle, like they did during the war and they were beating them with sticks. The other Zanu PF supporters had by now arrived in their trucks and were helping them and some were pointing their guns. We couldn't fight back because of these guns. It was past 4 pm when we ran away. [The incident happened around 3 pm]. I went running through the bush, with about six others. I was in terror. My eye was bleeding. I just kept running. All night we kept going towards Madziwa. In the morning we reached there and went straight to the police station. The police wrote letters and we were given a car to go to the clinic and given some Panadols and sent to Bindura. I haven't yet had a chance to make a full report to the police, but will do when I get to Bindura. At the hospital in Bindura, he sent four CIOs to see if I was there. I saw them and told a nurse and they transferred me to Parirenyatwa. I got out of hospital two days ago and will try to go back to Bindura tomorrow. There is another guy who was with me whose name I remember. He was also from Bindura. He had an injury to his left shoulder, but mostly bruises. His name is Phillip Mabika. These Zanu PF people are burning everything. They have destroyed everything in Mucumbura. They have destroyed everything in Dotito, where Border Gezi has his shop. They are burning MDC houses. People are just running away. They killed someone in Mt Darwin four days ago. He was an attendant at the service station. It was Kasukuwere who did it. ***Border Gezi*** *is paying people and he is taking ex-combatants to* ***Nicholas Goche*** *[Vice-minister]. He's one of the people who is doing these killings.* ***Chen Chimutengwende*** *has a farm near Glendale on the Bindura road and he's organising the burning of houses there.*

John Chiteve

Case 23: T.J. (Male) — 24 May 2000

On the 24th May 2000, I was at Glendale coming from Bindura, and heading for Harare. There were four of us travelling in a Mazda B1600. A white Hilux Twin cab 4x4 was following us, although we did not know it at the time. I alighted in Glendale in order to buy a cigarette. A councillor for Chipadze, ***John Chiteve*** *(Bindura District Councillor) confronted me. He alleged that I was responsible for the destruction of his house in Bindura by MDC supporters. I denied the allegation, and he stabbed me in the stomach with a knife. I fell down, and again he stabbed me in the thigh three times. A lot of others joined in assaulting me. I lost consciousness, and was ferried to Concession Hospital by an ambulance, and then was referred to Bindura Hospital. I needed to have 16 stitches in my leg. I requested to be released from Bindura Hospital because they had tried to kidnap and kill me before on the 27th of May. I was then taken to Ponal Surgery, where I was referred to Parirenyatwa for an operation. I was operated on the 31st of May, and was discharged on the 2nd of June. The case was reported at Concession Police Station, and my statement was then taken at Glendale Police Station on the 16th of June but no arrests have been made so far. On the 9th of June 2000, the stitches were removed but the wound opened and I can hardly walk. I am currently staying in Bindura, where there is no peace.*

Mazowe East

Mclean Tapfumaneyi, Henicha Tapfumaneyi, Takundwa Chironga, Tonderai Mashiri and Michael Kanengoni

Case 24: W.M (Male) — 26 June 2000

At a rally on the 16th of June at Mufuka village, the district Zanu (PF) chairman (Thomas Mudziwa) and youth leader (Simba Chikasha) said, "After maelection tichapisa dzimba dzevanhu ve MDC" ("after the elections we will burn down the houses of MDC people"). On the 26th of June, Zanu (PF) youths were given cash and new t-shirts by the district chairman. At 1am on the 27th of June, Zanu (PF) youths burned down his kitchen. Two shelves, his kitchen unit, one and a half tones of maize and all his cooking utensils, valued at $35000, were destroyed. His assailants were known to him: ***Henicha Tapfumaneyi***, ***Mclean Tapfumaneyi***, ***Takundwa Chironga***, ***Tonderai Mashiri*** *and* ***Michael Kanengoni****. The case was reported to the police.*

Mashonaland East

Goromonzi

Everson Gwamura, Paddington Zhanda, Herbert Murerwa, Noel, Soul, Tinashe, Swahili, Agnes and James

Case 25: T.M. (Male) — 17 May 2000

We were forced to dig holes with our fingers and spit into them, swearing never to support MDC again. Later we were taken one after another for beatings. ***Everson Gwamura*** *was taking us to the youths that we did not know. They were using electric cables, sticks and knobkerries to assault us. I suffered injuries on my back, buttocks, legs, hands, and palms.*

We were released around 4pm. I could not go and report for fear of victimization and when the police came I did not cooperate with them. Instead, I chased them away. Later I gave them the report and they referred me to Murehwa Hospital for medication. No arrests have been made so far. The injuries are still painful and I need some treatments.

Case 26: J.M. (Female) 6 & 29 April 2000

It was on the 6th of April 2000 between 11 and 12pm, when I had gone for a drink at a local nightclub, that one ***Noel*** *started pinpointing me alleging that I was a sell-out because I am an MDC supporter. They started pushing and shoving me and wanting to take me to their base but I refused. They were about 10 in number but the ones I can positively identify are Noel,* ***Swahili*** *and* ***Agnes****. I was hit on the head with an empty coke bottle and I bled profusely. Some of them started assaulting me with booted feet and open hands. I was saved from further assaults by a policeman. I went and reported the matter at Juru Growth Point but no arrests were made.*

In the second incident several of the Zanu (PF) supporters came to my house on the 29th of April 2000 at around 1:30am in a pick-up truck. ***Noel*** *was there and so was* ***Everson Gwamura****,* ***Soul****,* ***Tinashe*** *and* ***James****. They were operating on instructions from* ***Paddington Zhanda****, the Zanu (PF) Mashonaland East Chairman. They forced their way into my house. They came purporting to be MDC supporters being assaulted by Zanu (PF) supporters. They then openly declared that they were in fact looking for me and wanted to burn all the MDC material that I had. They were armed with iron bars, chains and sjamboks. They started assaulting me and destroyed the bulb in my house. They ransacked the whole room and stole some of my property alleging that I was benefiting from the whites' property who were funding MDC. One policeman came to my rescue but he was assaulted and had his jaws broken. I later passed out and was taken to the hospital, together with the policeman, by an ambulance. I reported the matter on the same day but no action was taken.*

Mudzi

Cliff Jezenga, Caleb Mushamba, Mandi Nyarambi, Simba Chirimuuta, Calvin Zvai, Nyasha Kashaka, Trust Mapaneshure, Laiza Jezenga and Joseph Ray Kaukonde

Case 27: *J.C. (Male) — 14 June 2000*

On the 14th of June at around 2 p.m., a group of about 20 Zanu (PF) supporters came to my house and started ransacking it. They alleged that we were sell-outs. I was assaulted with anything they could lay their hands on to hit me. I was struck with a stone in the left eye. I know one of my assailants, ***Cliff Jezenga****, who stays in my neighbourhood. My wife was also assaulted for being an MDC supporter and therefore an enemy to Zanu (PF). I suffered injuries all over my body and it took some time for me to recover, although I am still not fully better.*

Case 28: J.K.M. (Male) — 7 May 2000

It was on the 7th of May 2000 when several Zanu (PF) supporters came to my homestead in Mapanga Village and accused my family and I of not attending rallies in the village and of being MDC members. The started assaulting me and my wife and son. I managed to identify the following people: ***Cliff Jezenga****,* ***Caleb Mushamba****,* ***Mandi Nyarambi****,* ***Simba Chirimuuta****,* ***Calvin Zvai****,* ***Nyasha Kashaka****,* ***Trust Mapaneshure****,* ***Laiza Jezenga.***

The above mentioned (written statement) were using sjamboks and sticks to assault me. I suffered injuries to my head and right ear. I could not go and report the matter because of the threats I received and also the police were not taking action. I also did not seek medication because the hospital staff wanted a referral letter from the police if the injuries emanated from violence. I am still feeling some pain in both the ear and the head.

Garai Chikwizo, Solomon Kanyoko, Damiano Muwhata, Chimhango, Mr Muwata, Mujuru and Elec Navhaya

Case 29: J.C. (Male) — 16 April 2000

On the second of April there was a Zanu (PF) rally at Chipako Stores in Chief Chikwizo area. The Zanu (PF) leaders in the area moved throughout the villages forcing people to attend the rally. ***Garai Chikwizo****, who is the Zanu (PF) leader in the area, and a Councillor called* ***Chimhango*** *were the main figures forcing the people to attend the rally. They were assisted by* ***Solomon Kanyoka*** *who called himself the acting chief and a man simply known as* ***Navhaya****. At the rally the aforementioned Zanu (PF) leaders took turns to denounce UP and its leader calling it an undesirable element in the country. Zanu (PF) was said to be the only legitimate party in Zimbabwe. They said the UP should not be supported as it had caused the death of many people in the colonial era. Chimango warned people not to campaign for or they could face the consequences. Garai Chikwizo ordered everyone to pay money for Independence celebrations regardless of the fact that you did not support Zanu (PF). Everyone paid out of fear.*

After the Independence celebrations there was another Zanu (PF) rally at Chipako shopping centre and everyone was forced to attend. The Zanu (PF) parliamentary candidate ***Joseph Kaukonde*** *was present. Also present were* ***Damiano Muwhata****, Garikayi Chikwizo and* ***Mujuru****.*

Mujuru spoke first and introduced Kaukonde. Kaukonde said that by electing him to contest in the forthcoming elections they had made a mistake because he was not going to allow anyone to vote a rival party and anyone found supporting a rival party would pay. He ordered all MDC and UP supporters to surrender their t-shirts. He told us that Zanu (PF) had bought the police and the polling officers such that if we voted for any other party they would open the ballot boxes and see the number of votes cast for a rival party and they would know the people who cast the votes and fix them.

Soon after this rally we confided our fear to the police who said there was nothing they could do as they were afraid of being victimised. In early May there was another rally attended by Damiano, Mujuru and others. Prior to this we had surrendered our UP cards to the kraal head, who is also a UP member. The Zanu (PF) leaders arranged another rally for the following Wednesday. Everyone was ordered to be there.

The day before the rally there was a funeral. At the funeral Zanu (PF) youths would come and collect people, UP supporters, and beat them up. On Wednesday I went home. I went where my scotch cart had broken down with a view to repair it. The Zanu (PF) youths came to my home and asked me whether I was going to the rally and I said I was. They asked me to bring my UP card and I told them I had already surrendered it. When we arrived at the rally. Juru was speaking. He ordered all UP supporters to stand on one side and MDC supporters on the other side. He then said 'madziona here mhondi idzo, zvigu tsa zvinofanira kugoborwa ' ('Do you see these murderers? They are stumps that should be uprooted'). Our names were written down and Mujuru said they wanted the names so that if Zanu (PF) loses they would fix us.

Mujuru called me after he was told that I was the District Organiser and Provincial treasurer of the UP. Damiano called the headman and told him that he did not want me in the village anymore. They took me and Shacky Njanji to Kotwa where we were subjected to further harassment. They wanted us to give them the names of all UP supporters in the area but we told them that it was not available as it had been confiscated by Zanu (PF) youths. We were then told to walk back from Kotwa to our homes about 30 km away. This was after they had thoroughly beaten with logs. We walked and arrived home at around 3:00 am. My wife took me to Damiano's home and tried to reason with him that what he was doing was bad. The following day Zanu (PF) youths came again. They found me and my wife and a mentally retarded child. They started breaking window panes. My mentally retarded son started fighting the thugs. I took my jacket and tried to run away but they grappled with me. I let go of the jacket which had money in it ran away and made my way to this place. I left my family at the mercy of the thugs. I don't know if they are still alive or not. It pains me to think of my boy fighting with those thugs. They are totally callous and inhuman. They are murderers and I am sure if I had not

taken to my heels they would have killed me in cold blood.

Letter from (name withheld) dated 25/09 addressed to (name withheld) states that those behind the violence were Mr Muwata (the chief) and Elec Navhaya (Zanu (PF) District Chair of Chikwizo) with Mujuru. (Does not wish to be called as a witness for fear of victimisation).

Property damaged: Sewing Machine, one metre solar system, clothes and blankets, furniture, kitchen unit, cups, plates, window panes for two rooms. $19 000 was also lost.

The vehicle that drove victim to Kotwa was a green Nissan Hardbody reg no. 730-289R.

Murehwa North

Brian Nyoka, Edward Zharima, Edwin Majonga, Themba Chaponda, Martin Chipango, Jisi, Chingosho and Charles

Case 30: M.C. (Male) — 14 May 2000

At about 0800hrs, 9 Zanu (PF) youths went to M.C.'s homestead and demanded a bicycle that they claimed was the property of MDC. Despite his assertion that he had never received a bicycle or any other property from MDC, they tortured the 64-year-old M.C. using booted feet, clenched fists, sjamboks and knobkerries. They burnt down two of his huts including a granary. Four windowpanes were destroyed. The property damaged is valued at $64 000. His family was also beaten up.

The matter was reported to the police but no action has been taken yet. The assailants are known as **Themba Chaponda, Edwin Majonga, Edward Zharima, Brian Nyoka** and **Martin Chipango**. All the assailants are from Murehwa.

Case 31: C.M. (Female) — 15 May 2000

On the 15th of May 2000, at around 1:00 pm, 10 Zanu (PF) youths forced their way into C.M's house. They took $2100, and then took her out of her house and tortured her with wire and sjamboks. They then demanded MDC t-shirts and party cards but she owned neither. She was warned that if she made a report to the police, her house would be burned down. The victim identified **Brian Nyoka**, **Mr Jisi** and **Mr Chingosho**. They are based at the business centre, where they have a chamber house.

Case 32: R.Y. (Male) — 13 May 2000

On the 13th of May 2000, 8 Zanu (PF) youths clad in party t-shirts approached the complainant and ordered him to chant Zanu (PF) party slogans. When he was unable to do so, they took him the their operational base and tortured him with baton sticks. He was detained for two nights. The complainant was able to identify **Brian Nyoka** and another man known only as **Charles**.

Murehwa South

Joel B. Matiza, Chakawirika, Cllr. Jonasi and Cllr. George Nadzo

Case 33: L.B. (Female) May 2000

Zanu (PF) supporters tortured her with sticks and open hands. She sustained a deep cut on her face and is being treated at Marondera Hospital. They included **J.B. Matiza** and **Chakawarika**.

Case 34: C.M. (Female) 30 April 2000

*I am the MDC organising secretary in Chigogodza District in Murehwa. My husband is the chairman and the one who was spearheading the MDC campaign in most areas of Murehwa. Towards the end of April we received strange visitors who demanded to know our party affiliation and why we were campaigning for the MDC. These people were incited to do this by the Zanu (PF) candidate for Murehwa South, **Joel Matiza**, **Cllr. Jonasi** and **Cllr. George Nadzo**. They came on several occasions but I managed to flee. When they were tired of looking for my husband and me they burnt one of the buildings to our home that housed our harvest. A rally was called and they demanded to see my husband and me but we managed to escape.*

Paddington Zhanda, Rudo Nherera, Mai Maperera and Rota Nherera

Paddington Zhanda, the Zanu-PF chairman in Mashonaland East took an active part in coordinating violence in the province. He gave aid in the form of transport, food and accommodation at his farm for Zanu-PF youths and war veterans campaigning in the area. A lorry and a green Hyundai used in attacks upon opposition party supporters are believed to have been loaned to them by Paddington Zhanda for this purpose. Zhanda is also alleged to have personally taken part in acts of violence.

Case 35: D.M. (Female) — 12 April 2000

I am the MDC co-ordinator based at Murehwa Growth point. On the 12th of April 2000, around 12 pm, at Murehwa Growth Point there was a group of us wearing MDC t-shirts. One of the Zanu (PF) supporters, called

*Marondera (whom I later discovered is really named **Paddington Zhanda**, and is the Zanu (PF) chairman for Mashonaland East) threw a teargas canister at us. There were about 7 or 8 of us. Everyone started running away, but I could not go far and I surrendered to them. Some of them, the first group which captured me did not assault me, but when another group came, the assaults began. This group comprised **Rudo Nherera**, **Mai Maperera** and **Rota Nherera**. They were using open hands, fists, and one of them had a stone in her palm, which she used to strike me several times. That was Rudo Nherera. They took me to my place, demanding my cell phone, a pistol (which I do not own), $50 000 and a bicycle and set of sofas that they alleged the MDC had given to me. They managed to get the bicycle, 20 party cards, $2 500 in cash, some MDC literature, 2 videotapes, one audiotape, and 150 MDC t-shirts.*

They then took me to the Zexcom offices. One of them struck me on my right ear, and it's still painful. When we arrived I saw my colleague P.M., who was half-naked, already captured. Before we went to the Zexcom offices we were taken to PG, where Emmanuel Chapanzire and Dudzai Nyagande (MDC members) were ordered to come with us. We spent the whole night at their offices without blankets, and we were ordered to use the MDC t-shirts and campaign material to keep us warm. They then released us the following day, but they came back, alleging that we had phoned our MDC headquarters.

F. M. recounts his six-week abduction by Zanu (PF) supporters in which he was tortured and then detained. During his incarceration he was forced to join Zanu (PF) supporters as they went around the area seeking out MDC supporters to assault. In some cases, the group would yell out 'Chinja!', the MDC slogan meaning 'change', and beat anyone who gave a positive response. He overheard war veterans who said they were ordered by Paddington Zhanda to kill MDC supporters.

Case 36: F.M. (Male) — 25 April 2000

On the 25th of April, they came to my house, but I had been informed that they were coming. I hid somewhere, and they beat my wife with axe handles. My children saw what happened, but they were not beaten themselves. On the night of the 26th or 27th of April they came again, but I was not there again. My wife told them that I had gone to a nearby village, and they followed me there. They found me on my way home. I was almost home when I bumped into them. This was at about 8 or 9 pm. They only identified me as we were about to cross paths, and they threw a rock at me, which hit me in the mouth. I fell down unconscious. I came around in the hospital. I think they carried me to the nearby bus stop, and then took me to the hospital. They had to take me to the police first, though, so that they could get a police report. They said that I had been assaulted, and the police wrote a letter allowing hospital treatment. I think they took me to the hospital because I was seriously injured. I couldn't walk, and my body was aching. I was treated the next day, and then they took me back to their base at the Zexcom Offices. They took me each day for bandaging until the treatment was over. I was kept at Zexcom from April to mid May. The war vets at the Zexcom offices addressed each other by their Chimurenga names.

They promised that if I joined Zanu (PF), they would do away with the MDC cadres, and I would get something after the elections – I would have some proper employment. All I had to do was to tell them the names of all the MDC supporters that I knew. I just told them I had been approached by some people from Harare, who I did not know, and I could tell them their names, but I did not know where they were. In truth, I had recruited a lot of MDC supporters, since I had started campaigning between February and March. Many of them were colleagues of mine at Chitimbe School. The rest of the MDC supporters that were captured had their cards taken and were beaten. The cards that were captured all had my name on them as the person who had distributed them

*These people were often beaten up in front of the rally. The one who did this the most was **Zhanda** (Paddington Zhanda, known as Marondera, is the Zanu (PF) Mashonaland East Chairman). He was the one telling the youths "If you see an MDC supporter, you must kill him" (I overheard the war vets at Zexcom saying that he had told them this).*

Every day the people at Zexcom would be chanting slogans, and every night when they were resting they would sing Chimurenga songs and chant slogans. There were many Zanu (PF) supporters there. Some of them had homes nearby, and would come in every day, whilst others were staying there. Every day groups of 20 to 30 would go out in one direction. The war veterans would do some duties while they were there. During the day there were over 100 of them, and they would take turns to address their people. Some of them were from Nhehweyenbwa. I am from Uzumba, which is just over the river from that place, and I know them. Their names are T Chifamba, Marungire, and Kativu, to name a few.

They would come back at about 6 in the evening. They were provided with mealie meal and matemba. I heard some of them saying that their chairman, Mr Zhanda, gave them money. They did some duties and some of them go to the beer hall, and when they came back, another group would go. This happened every day, but I didn't see who came and went. They said that they were given a lot of money. About once a week they would go for drinking, and they were really happy. It happened many times, and usually if they were drunk they would say, "Our party has lots

of money". I overheard some of them saying that they had raped women in Uzumba I heard also that there were people beaten at Zexcom in a building with a big yard and walls around it. Many of them were saying that they had beaten people, and that the MDC people would regret being MDC. They might bring the people to the Zexcom offices, or they might just beat them at home. The police at Murehwa were told, and they said that they could not intervene in political issues. Many cases were reported, but no action was taken.

I didn't know who was the leader. They kept me in a small room that they used for keeping clothing in. There was no bed, and I was given one blanket. It was in a small building with 3 or 4 rooms. Often some of them would sleep in the same room as me. I was given very little food – we had two meals a day, of sadza and vegetables, and sometimes matemba as well. I was always locked in. It's like torture… prison would have been better. I had to knock on the window when I needed the toilet. They told me that I could go back to my village after the elections.

They moved me to Musami in early May. I had told them that I was on my way to Musami when they bumped into me – that's where my mother lives. They asked me if I would like to go to Musami, and I said yes, so they took me, but they did not let me see my mother. There were lots of youths at Musami, being led by the war veterans. There were hundreds of them there during the day, but at night there were only 80 to 100 Zanu (PF) people. I attended 4 rallies. Zhanda and (Joel B.) Matiza led one each, and the Chairman and Zanu (PF) members from Marondera addressed the other two. Once Matiza addressed a rally when I was there. He said, "I have offered all schools in Murehwa North $15 000 for school fees for children of war veterans. I have told the headmasters to nominate 3 children each". There were many people at the rally, which was held at Mabika School.

Musami was almost worse than Murehwa. The same system was used there, but the room was very small. We were locked in all the time, unless we were taken out to go beating people. I was given a Zanu (PF) card and a Zanu (PF) data form. They began to trust me a little bit, and thought that I had come over to their side. I was in there, and taken out to go for beatings 5 or 6 times a week. If we went out in the morning, we would come back in the afternoon. They used to board free transport. I went with them to Munamba School, and also to Manjonjo School (along the Marondera Rd). We also went to the villagers surrounding Mabika School. Two or three of them would wear Zanu (PF) t-shirts, with the rest of them wearing MDC t-shirts. If they came across someone, they would greet him with "Chinja!". If he responded positively, they would then beat him. I was given a Zanu (PF) t-shirt. The group was mixed boys and girls, some of whom were quite young (23-25 yrs).

They would get most of their information from the headmen. They would ask them whether there were any MDC supporters there (most headmen are Zanu (PF) supporters). The headman would just write out the names and give them to the youths, who would go with the list into the village and look for people. If they found him he was beaten and told to surrender all MDC campaign material. If he did so, he was beaten even more. Every day that they went out, they would beat people. Some people used to stay in the townships during the weekends. The youths would find someone who had just gotten off the bus and say that he was a real MDC supporter from Harare. I saw three guys beaten up like that. I think I must have seen about 100 beatings in total. They would beat anyone, men, women, and children.

They thought that I had really changed, and I pretended to be a Zanu (PF) supporter. I was forced to beat about 5 people, all strangers. We were very far from my home area. They were given money to go to the township and drink, so that they would be drunk when they went out beating people, and I was even forced to drink. I don't know how much money they were given, but they always had enough that they were drunk. I think some of them smoked mbanje. When they beat someone, they would chant "Jambanja", which is an MDC slogan, which means fighting with a bully. If they captured an MDC supporter, they would say "nakonoro", which means to beat him until he gets air in him. The operation was called Operation Chatsva ("Destruction"). If you come in a big number, they would force the people to beat each other. If you beat them lightly, then they would beat you.

Some of them were intending to kill others, whilst others were just trying to frighten them. If a group had the spirit to kill someone, then I'm sure many were killed. While I was there I heard of one person who was killed in Musami (Rusike). The group, which went there, came back and said that they had heard that the person they had beaten was now dead. They didn't care… they just said that they were going to kill more people. There is a man who was at Musami, brown in complexion, who used to walk with a pistol. He used to often wear a "red card" MDC t-shirt. He is a war veteran called MuChatsva. I could identify him if I saw him. There is also another one called Shorty, who is a leader of the youths. There are many others that I can identify.

I was in Musami for longer than I was in the Zexcom offices. I was held captive for about six weeks in all. There were only two of us who had been kidnapped – I left the other one there. He came from Manjonjo School, and he was beaten up and kidnapped after me. He was still under tight security when I left. We were escorted at all times by about 5 or 6 people, even when we went to the toilet. Often they tied us up with a rope while we were in the toilet, so that they could tell we were still there. The rope was tied around our waist or our legs. As they came to trust me, they stopped tying me up when I went to the toilet, and one day I managed to escape from them by running away when I went to the toilet.

Mutoko South

Enock Kuchiva, Nyepanayi Chipuriro, Rise Chifodya, Garikai Gumbedze, Andrew Chipamando, Taurayi Nhire, Macheka Chingwna and Lazrus Chifodya.

Case 37: Wilson Mushaya (Male) — 16 May 2000

An affidavit submitted by Mr Wilson Mushaya states that his brother Mationa and his brother's son, Onias, were brutally beaten to death on 16 May 2000, allegedly by war veterans. Mationa Mushaya's wife, Anna, was beaten unconscious but survived. Wilson Mushaya was ill and was not able to appear in court to give evidence. However, he alleges that his brother, who was the MDC Ward Chairman in his home district, was attacked by at least eight war veterans in the night. They entered their home, beat both of them in bed, dragged them outside and wrapped them in blankets before beating them again. Mationa died while his wife lay unconscious before being taken for medical attention. The assailants then proceeded to Onias' house where they also beat him to death in a similar fashion. Wilson Mushaya alleged that the following people participated in the murder of his relatives: **Enock Kuchiva, Nyepanayi Chipuriro, Rise Chifodya, Garikai Gumbedze, Andrew Chipamando, Taurayi Nhire, Macheka Chingwna** and **Lazrus Chifodya**. He claimed that all but two are war veterans.

Maxwell Hodzi

Case 38: Armijia Jimu (Male) — May 2000

Mr Armijia Jimu testified that he was abducted and forced to the Cornerstone Business Centre rally with Matthew Rukwata and was detained at the Zanu (PF) base camp with him as well. Mr Jimu was also cross-examined by his alleged assailants, including **Maxwell Hodzi**, without the opportunity to question them. He alleged that he was originally abducted when a group of Zanu (PF) supporters screamed 'There is the MDC' and took him to a base camp. He identified Maxwell Hodzi as being present at the base camp.

Mr Jimu testified that during his detention he was forced to participate in morning runs with Zanu (PF) recruits. He shared a room with Matthew Rukwata where they were handcuffed to a bench at night. He was often tortured. He also had his hair cut against his wishes. Mr Jimu further claimed that he was forced to go on raids with Zanu (PF) supporters to beat up MDC supporters approximately five or six times. He was constantly under guard and could not escape. While being transported, he was often taken in a District Development Fund (DDF) vehicle. The DDF is a government institution that is supposed to be apolitical.

Mashonaland West

Hurungwe East

The majority of the political violence reported in Hurungwe East took place on farms, particularly those in the Karoi area. Farmworkers were harassed, assaulted and tortured by war veterans who had established bases at the farms they had invaded.

Alfred Bhozo, Gambiza Makonza, Richard Rusike, Ngoni, Lameck Nyauye and Shupikayi

Case 39: L.P. (Male) — April 2000

*In April 2000 when war veterans came to our farm armed with axes, knobkerries and sticks, they came around 4am being led by **Gambiza Makonza** and **Alfred Bhozo**. They came to my house and ordered me to come out and demanded Zanu (PF) party cards. Before I had a chance to answer they started assaulting me. During that period I was selling Zanu (PF) cards but they did not buy that. They started assaulting me with sticks and knobkerries all the way to the playing ground. We were ordered to lie prone and the assaults continued. Over 20 assailants were ordered to administer 20 sjamboks to each one of us. At the time I lost consciousness and they relieved me at around 2pm. I went home and slept and was only able to seek medication the following day. I suffered multiple injuries all over my body. I first went to Karoi Nursing Clinic and they refused to attend to me. I then went to Karoi General Hospital where I was referred back to the police station where they could not assist me because they alleged that we were the offenders. I went to a private doctor who treated me. I reported the matter to the police but they refused to attend to me.*

Case 40: C.M. (Male) — April 2000

*I was approached by some Zanu (PF) supporters, namely **Richard, Ngoni** and **Lameck, Shupikayi** and **Alfred Bhozo**. The group accused me of being an MDC supporter. They further alleged that I was in possession of an MDC t-shirt and party card. I was ordered to surrender these or face imminent assaults. I failed to comply and was then assaulted with clenched fists, booted feet and sjamboks. Three police officers attended to the scene but were overpowered by Zanu (PF) hooligans. I was forced to attend re-education camps at night under protest.*

Ernest Kaurungaire

Case 41: G.D. (Male) — 23 March 2000

*On March 23 at about 6am a group of war veterans led by **Karungaire** entered Nikotijani Farm and demanded a Zanu (PF) card from me and when I failed to comply they beat me severely. I was assaulted with logs, sjamboks, open hands, clenched fists and booted feet. I made a report to the police but no arrests were made.*

Joseph Masenda

Case 42: J.M. (Male) — 7 April 2000

*On the 7th of April 2000 I was at work at Protea farm when **Joseph Masenda**, who was leading a group of three Zanu (PF) supporters (arrived). He commanded me to leave my workplace and join others who had been forced to attend a rally at the same farm. I tried to lock up the gates at my workplace but he pulled me and poked me with a knobkerrie ordering me to rush for the meeting. When we arrived at the meeting he ordered me to poke my finger into the ground and to start running in circles. I failed to do it "properly" according to him so he shoved me against a car and bashed my head against it. The same Joseph and three others went and assaulted our tractor driver for not taking heed of their warning to stop the engine. They used a knobkerrie to assault him.*

Mashonga, Norman Josaya, Rwodzi, Mupamombe, Netsai Mabhunumuchapera and Moyo

Mashonga, Norman Josaya, Rwodzi and Mupamombe operated a base at Hestcheth Farm and used it as a springboard of terror for workers on that farm and within the surrounding area. Money was extorted from the farmworkers and was said to be for Zanu (PF) cards, which would buy them protection. However, the cards were never delivered even though the farmworkers had paid for them. Many were later beaten for not carrying the cards. The militia held what they called ‘re-education’ camps and dragged farmworkers out of their houses to attend. Those who failed to attend these all night meetings were punished through beatings.

Case 43: M.C. (Male) — 17 May 2000

*At around 12am some of the youths came and forced us to go to their base where the group was being led by Mupamombe. The leader then told us that he was going to pick one of us to replace the injured youth at the base. We were ordered to lie prone and roll over while they poured water over us and beat us with sticks if we did not roll fast enough. This continued for about two hours. One of them, Norman, then started assaulting us under our feet, "falanga". One of the war vets came to our rescue and we were released. After about two weeks the same person, **Norman Josaya**, came and assaulted us for not possessing Zanu (PF) cards even though they had collected money meant for the purchase of cards and then failed to deliver them. I could not go and report due to threats made by the assailants and the police were also not taking any action.*

Case 44: S.B. (Male) — 17 May 2000

On the 17th of May war veterans addressed a gathering at Hestcheth Farm. At the meeting farmworkers were urged to revolt against their employers and to repossess land. At about midnight, together with other young farmworkers, we were summoned to the base at the farm where the war vets were camped. There I was assaulted all over the body for failing to produce Zanu (PF) cards even though we had paid for them and they had never been delivered. I sustained multiple injuries. S.B. identified **Norman Josaya, Rwodzi, Mupamombe, Mashonga** and **Moyo** as his assailants.

Case 45: P.S. (Male) — 14 May 2000

On the 14th of May I was approached by war vets who demanded a Zanu (PF) card from me and when I failed to produce this I was ordered to stick my penis in the soil and girate until I masturbated. When I failed to do this I was hit with a stick on my penis. I was refused access to medication as further punishment. I was threatened with harm

if I reported to the police. P.S. identified **Norman Josaya, Rwodzi, Mupamombe, Mashonga** and **Moyo** as his assailants.

Case 46: L.T. (Male) — May 2000

*I am a member of the MDC based at (Hestcheth) farm. I had an MDC t-shirt and they came around 11pm and knocked at my door. They were being led by one **Netsai**. They demanded that everyone should attend a rally that evening at our football ground. I complied and when we arrived there we were ordered to sing Zanu (PF) praise songs and to toyi-toyi. They also told us to lie prone and roll over several times. If anyone did not do it to their satisfaction they would assault them. We did this for the whole night until about 8am when we were ordered to go and beat our employer but most of the people refused. This agitated them and they started beating us. During the night they were demanding MDC party cards and t-shirts but we refused to hand them over. I was assaulted on the back several times with a hoe handle. When they wanted to assault me for refusing to go and beat up my employer I managed to escape into my employer's house and they left. They later returned being led by one **Mashonga** demanding money and food. He was clad in army attire and we gave him and his colleagues food. Just before elections they came and forced us to attend a rally at one of the farms. Our employers were forced to give us transport. They accused us of being late and Mashonga, **Norman** and the others started assaulting us. We were ordered to lie prone and were assaulted on the back. We were ordered back home and no rally was held. After that they came several times threatening our employer. I could not go and report for two reasons: 1) The police were not taking any action even if reports were made. 2) I feared victimisation. I sought medication at our local clinic.*

Case 47: I.T. (Male) — 14 May 2000

On the 14th of May at around 10:00hrs while I was sleeping at the farm compound, I awoke to the sudden banging of doors. War veterans had entered the farm and were forcing farm workers to attend re-education camps. At the meeting I was severely assaulted for failing to produce a Zanu (PF) card. I was ordered to lie on my belly and assaulted at the bottom of my feet. I sustained multiple injuries. I.T. identified **Norman Josaya**, **Rwodzi, Mupamombe** and **Moyo** as his assailants.

Case 48: R.S. (Male) — 17 May 2000

*I am the farm manager at Hestcheth Farm and at the time of the incident I did not belong to any political party. On the 17th of May 2000 a group of war vets held a meeting at the farm. Meanwhile the group that had invaded the farm were away. I did not attend the meeting. After they had addressed the meeting they left. They demanded transport and my employer gave them a truck which I drove. I took them to Karoi. Meanwhile some of the people who were at the farm had told the returned invaders that I had transported MDC supporters. When I returned I tried to explain the whole situation but they would not listen. **Mupamombe** led this group. They pushed and shoved me and ordered me to lie on my stomach and move for about 100m to the nearest water tap. They poured water from the hosepipe and at the same time assaulted me and threatened me with death. I was also ordered to roll in the mud. This was being masterminded by **Mashonga** and **Moyo**. The torture continued from about 10pm to 3am. After they tortured me I was ordered to move again on my stomach to their base here. Moyo used a very thick stick to beat me on the back. I suffered excruciating pain and they continued to pour water on me until I was released together with my wife who they had then also kidnapped and threatened with death. They also ill-treated my 4-month-old baby and threatened to kill the whole family. My wife saved me from imminent death when she blocked **Norman's** strike with her hand. My family and I were released after Rwodzi ordered our release. For fear of victimisation I could not go and report but my employer made a general harassment report at Karoi Police Station.*

Hurungwe West

Mark Madiro

Case 49: V.K. (Male) — 10 May 2000

Forcibly taken away, handcuffed and tied to a bench. Tortured with baton stick by Zanu (PF) youths for allegedly belonging to MDC. Detained for 5 days. Assaulted under feet and on back. Group was lead by **Mark Madiro**. They were based at Mudzimu SC. "I was assaulted throughout the five days. I was ordered not to seek medical attention at 'Zanu (PF)'s Hospitals'". Ordered not to continue operating bottle store where he netted about $3 000 a day. "They threatened to burn down the whole building if I defied the order."

Case 50: J.T. (Male) — 12 May 2000

Assaulted for supporting the MDC. Group was lead by **Mark Madiro**. They were armed with baton sticks and sticks. They assaulted him all over his body. "I was handcuffed and they wanted to take me to their base but I managed to escape with the handcuffs on one hand." Sustained back injuries. Escaped to Harare.

Masvingo

Chiredzi North

Bornface Mutemachani, Elastos Njiri and Kennias Chijange

Bornface Mutemachani together with unnamed war veterans used MP Elliot Chauke's pistol and 33 rounds of ammunition to terrorise villagers and 'quash' MDC opposition. During this period Mutemachani kidnapped S.N. on 4 April 2000 at gunpoint and delivered him in handcuffs to ZRP Chiredzi, accusing him as an MDC supporter 'causing problems' in area. It was reported that during this period MDC supporters complained to the ZRP about the reign of terror after 20 of them had been abducted at gunpoint and tortured the previous week. After this, Bornface Mutemachani was arrested and remanded on free bail to October 26 on charges of illegally possessing a firearm belonging to and loaned to him by Elliot Chauke. He was convicted of the charge and fined $5 200 or 36 months in prison with 18 months suspended. He paid the $5 200 fine.

Case 51: R.N. (Male) — 6 May 2000

***Mutemachani**, leader of war vets in the area, moved into the bottle store and attacked me with a club on the mouth and I fell. Four of them dragged me out, chanting anti- MDC slogans. They continued attaching me with clubs, empty bottles and stones. I managed to extricate myself and run. About 10m away I fell. I bled profusely from the head.*

Case 52: P.M. (Male) — 8 May 2000

*I was assaulted by **Bornface Mutemachani**, an ex-combatant, for allegedly failing to supply him with MDC t-shirts. He asked for matches but I did not have any. He sent my young brother to collect some fire, which he used as light to search the whole house but to no avail. I was later whipped with a sjambok at the back and sustained some injuries. Later he used the fire to burn the house before he left together with several of his colleagues. The house was burnt to ashes together with the property.*

Case 53: Agnes Mujaji — 8 May 2000

Ms. Agnes Mujaji, the wife of witness Andrew Mujaji, testified that in the evening of 8 May 2000, war veterans arrived in a Mazda pick-up truck, which they parked near her homestead. She noticed that three of the war veterans left for a neighbouring homestead, reappearing later with a large number of people. While Mrs Mujaji hid with her husband behind a hedge near her garden, she watched as the war veterans and their supporters entered the main gate and surrounded the homestead, chanting MDC slogans. **Elastos Njiri**, one of the men who had surrounded her home, told them that they did not want any MDC element in the area. As she heard the war veterans start attacking her children with sticks, she and her husband started crawling away from the house. After having crawled a little while, she looked back to discover her hut engulfed in flames. Mrs Mujaji stated that, overcome with fear, she and her husband remained in that place overnight and elected not to return to her homestead until 24 July 2000, after the elections. She and her husband sought refuge in Mutare. She reported the incident to the police personally, but the perpetrators were only arrested after she and her husband were assaulted again on 28 August 2000. She was able to identify **Bornface Mutemachani**, Elastos Njiri, and **Kennias Chijange** as some of her assailants. (Court Testimony)

Midlands

Gokwe Central

Cephas Bimbiko, Bernard Siziba and Usite Gava

Case 54: C.C., L.N., D.N. (Male) — 11 June 2000

It was on the 11th of June 2000 when we were at the Gokwe Centre with the R5 (vehicle) of our customer. The car was mistaken for an R5 that was used by Mr Edgar Sithole and Edson Nyathi, the Gokwe West and Central candidates for MDC. We tried to prove to them that it was not the one but they went on to attack the vehicle with stones. They took me out of the vehicle and beat me severely with blows and sjamboks. L.N. was beaten with iron bars and left unconscious. He was severely injured and sustained head injuries. D.N. was beaten with iron bars. We identified ***Cephas Bimbiko****,* ***Usite*** *and* ***Siziba****.*

Case 55: A.C. (Male) — 26 April 2000

I was identified as a teacher. They accused me of being the MDC chief architect in Gokwe. They beat me all over the body using any means available. They later abducted me and took me to their torture centre at Cheziya District Council. I was tortured using many means from 1800-2100hrs and later handed to the police at Gokwe who did nothing. I then ran away from the mob. I sustained hand, chest and head injuries. My left ear was infected and I am on medication for it. A. C. identified **Bernard Siziba** as one of his assailants.

Gokwe North

Mabasa Munotengwa, Maxwell Munotengwa and Taurai Chiutsi

Case 56: T.M. (Male) — 23 June 2000

Assaulted by **Taurai Chiutsi** and **Maxwell Munotengwa** for belonging to the MDC. Tortured by being beaten under the feet, falanga, with thick sticks and booted feet. Released after 30 minutes. $2 500 confiscated.

Mabasa Munotengwa, Maxwell Munotengwa

Case 57: H.M. (Male) — 26 May 2000

My father is an MDC member and I was wearing and MDC t-shirt when I met Zanu (PF) supporters including the ***Munotengwas*** *who said I was the son of a traitor and needed to be taught a lesson. They threw empty beer bottles at me and I fell. They set upon me with sticks and sjamboks and left me unconscious. I still have continuous headaches.*

Lucky Chiwara, Goddie Chiwara, Wonder Gwashe and Tompson Mutema

Case 58: L.C. (Female) — 20 June 2000

I was attacked by a group of Zanu (PF) youths and war veterans at home. I was beaten with fists, sticks, wire and sjamboks. The reason being that I was supporting the Movement for Democratic Change. I failed to run so was caught and they started beating me. The attackers were: 1) ***Goddie Chiwara*** *2)* ***Wonder Gwashe*** *3)****Tompson Mutema*** *4)* ***Lucky Chiwara****. They destroyed all the kitchenware and clothes by burning them. An MDC bicycle and cash box containing $8 200 was taken for personal use. A toolbox was also taken. The grinding mill was also destroyed and filled with water and sugar.*

Goddie Chiwara, Wonder Gweshe, Tompson Mutema and Lucky Chiwara

Case 59: J.M. (Female) — 20 June 2000

*I was attacked by a group of Zanu (PF) youths and war veterans at home. I was beaten with sticks, fists and wire sjamboks. The reason being that I supported the Movement for Democratic Change. I failed to run and was caught and beaten. I was dragged for about 500m being pulled by the hair. The under listed are the identified are the people who actually assaulted me: 1)****Goddie Chiwara*** *2)* ***Wonder Gweshe*** *3)* ***Tompson Mutema*** *4)* ***Lucky Chiwara****.*

Mberengwa East and West

A violent anti-opposition campaign was carried out in Mberengwa on a large scale. A hit list was complied by Zanu (PF) supporters and war veterans in the area and used to systematically target opposition supporters and those whose allegiance was unclear.

Wilson Kufa Chitoro alias "Biggie Chitoro" and Elias Masenda

Biggie Chitoro headed a war veterans base located at Texas Ranch Farm in Mberengwa that doubled as the war veteran's torture centre. Numerous reports of torture by means of burning victims with plastics were reported as well as severe beatings. Chitoro is suspected to be responsible for the death of MDC supporter Fainos Kufazvinei Zhou. Fainos had nominated Mfandaidza Hove, MDC candidate for Mberengwa West. Chitoro was arrested for the murder of Zhou on June 29 and remanded in custody. He has spent the last 13 months in remand prison. Chitoro was also charged with public violence, assault, kidnapping, property destruction and theft, however these charges were dropped in accordance with the presidential amnesty.

Case 60: B.N. (Male) — 27 April 2000

*On the 27th of April, the war vets came to the beerhall. One of them was **Biggie Chitoro**. They found Trynos and Simangaliso there. They beat Trynos, the MDC youth chairman, and Simangaliso, but he ran away, although they stole his shoes. They directed Trynos to my home. It was about 11 p.m. They said that they had been told that we supported MDC and that we held membership cards. Trynos knocked on my door, but I refused to come out. The war vets broke my windows and smashed my door open, and then dragged me out. My wife and three children were crying at this point. The war vets demanded an MDC card, and I said that it was in my wife's wallet. I fetched it, and they took it and $4000 from my wife's wallet. They tied me and Trynos up with wire and tied our hands together. They threatened to throw us into an old mine pits but later they decided to drive us to the farms. By now it was now 3 am, and they stopped to find some stones. They beat us thoroughly, and did so from 3 to 5am. They said that Biggie Chitoro is working for police and CIO. The left us after the beating, thinking we were dead, but we had fallen unconscious.*

Case 61: S.M. (Male) — 3 June 2000

*They were carrying weapons, sjamboks etc. There were only four of us so we just had to surrender. I don't know how they identified us as MDC. We were even wearing Zanu (PF) T-shirts for disguise purposes. They made us lie down. They took ropes and tied our hands and legs and they started assaulting us. They were beating us with sjamboks. At around 7:00 p.m., they took us to their base at Texas Farm. They made a fire and they began assaulting us using fire. First it was my friend B.M. They tied plastic round his hands and legs and then lit it. Next it was my turn. They beat me first. Then they used all the same tactics, wrapping my legs, hands and private parts and lighting the plastics. They also lit some plastic and then dropped it on us as it melted. They were taking hot ashes and spreading them on my body. My hands and legs were tied. We were then told that the boss, **Biggie Chitoro**, would come back in the morning and his mission was to take off one of our eyes. I have burns all over my back, front, buttocks, private parts, thighs and legs. I was taken to the theatre to remove thorns from my feet.*

Case 62: T.Z. (Female) — 4 June 2000

*They came several times threatening me. After about 3 days they came during the night and assaulted me with open hands and fists forcing me to surrender MDC cards and to rejoin Zanu (PF). I could not recognise them because they were many. I believe that they were the people who were camped at Mataga Night Club where they were being led by **Biggie Chitoro**, **Elias Masenda** and several others.*

Case 63: R.G. (Male) — 29 April 2000

*I was abducted from Mberengwa for being an MDC supporter and held at Texas Farm where **Biggie Chitoro** was in charge. I was forced into demeaning behaviour and to work for no pay.*

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Case 64: Mavis Tapera (Zhou's widow) — 4 June 2000

Fainos and his brother were abducted from their home at Danga in Masaga village on Sunday, 4 June 2000 with two others after being tortured with sticks, fists and open hands. They were forced to swim in the Mundi River before being tortured with sticks, whips, fists and boots. Afterwards, they were forced to march to Texas Ranch. They were interrogated and tortured with sticks, iron bars and booted feet for four days, the last three by **Biggie**

Chitoro, at Texas Farm. They were released on Wednesday but Fainos was unable to walk upon his release. The victims managed to reach the home of Mfandaidza (and the late Byron) Hove, where Fainos died two days later on 9 June. The ZRP took his body for a post-mortem.

Case 65: Mavis Tapera (Zhou's widow)— 4 June 2000

After testifying about her husband's death, Mavis Tapera told the Court about her own torture on 4 June 2000. Assailants led by '**Biggie' Chitoro** ordered her out of her house at night and used a knife to cut off her petticoat. At this point she was clad in only her pants. They began to assault her with logs, concentrating on the buttocks. She testified that one of the assailants asked her if MDC President Morgan Tsvangirai bought her the pants she was wearing. Her attackers then forced an iron rod into her genitals and ordered her to imitate sexual positions. Breaking down numerous times on the witness stand, Mrs Tapera testified that the ordeal was extremely painful but she was forced to continue. She then was taken to Texas Farm with her husband but was returned the same night. When her assailants returned her to her homestead, they urinated into a cup and forced her to drink from it. She told the court that one of the assailants threatened to force her to eat his stool if she refused.

Case 66: E.D. (Male) — 4 June 2000

Kidnapped from home, handcuffed, interrogated and assaulted with sticks and iron bars for 5 days at Texas Farm.

Case 67: M.J. (Male) — 5 June 2000

Hands and feet bound, whipped, kicked, beaten with sjamboks; stripped naked; burned on back, crotch and stomach with lighted plastic; Sekai Holland's Toyota Hilux torched; admitted to Bulawayo United Hospital, unable to talk as a result of his injuries.

Absent Foloma, Clifford Donsa, Festo Jamela, Langton Mangena, Joram Gumbo, Handsome Dube and Davison Matutu.

Absent Foloma, Clifford Donsa, Festo Jamela, Langton Mangena are war veterans and Zanu (PF) supporters who operated in conjunction with Wilson Kufa 'Biggie' Chitoro and carried out an extensive anti-opposition campaign in Mberengwa. Their terror campaign involved door-to-door attacks on MDC supporters and what they called 're-education camps' which were carried out at Texas Ranch Farm. To further bolster their campaign of terror, innocent villagers were forcefully inducted into their campaign team and forced to work for free, at times being made to beat up fellow opposition party supporters.

Case 68: Z.H. (Male) — 24 May 2000

*I was brutally assaulted by 30 Zanu (PF) youths that were armed with chains, sticks, sjamboks and iron bars. They were lead by **Foloma**, **Clifford Donsa** and **Jamela**. The also used open hands, clenched fists and booted feet to assault me. I sustained multiple injuries including head injuries. This incident was witnessed by the police who watched from a safe distance of about 50m.*

Case 69: T.M. (Male) — 11 May 2000

T.M. was a Zanu (PF) supporter before he defected to the MDC. He was accused of being a sell-out and was then subjected to severe beating. This attack was made in front of **Joram Gumbo**, then the incumbent MP for Mberengwa West who did not do anything to stop or restrain the Zanu (PF) supporters. On Tuesday 23 May at midnight a group of 25 Zanu (PF) supporters attacked T.M. again. They dragged him out of his house and assaulted him using logs and various other hard and sharp objects. In the attack he lost $1500 that was in his pocket. T.M. can identify his assailants as **Lyford Nkomo, Langton Mangena, Festo Jamela, Handsome Dube** and **Davison Matutu.**

Case 70: T.M. (Male) — 23 June 2000

On 23 June T.M went to Rwavamutange where he was supposed to be the MDC polling agent. As he boarded off the bus he was ambushed by a group of Zanu (PF) supporters who assaulted him using chains, sjamboks, knobkerries and various other hard and sharp objects. He sustained bruises all over his body and his kidneys were damaged. On 24 June he was taken to White Hospital in Zvishavane and on 26 June he was admitted at the Avenues Clinic in Harare. T.M can identify **Absent Foloma** as the leader of the group that attacked him in Rwavamutange.

Case 71: L.M (Male) — May 2000

They met me at Mataga and accused me of being and MDC supporter. They said that I needed re-education. I was forced to lie down and was beaten with sticks. I was forced to join their operation and told my home would be burnt if I absconded. Other had had their homes burnt. I was forced to chant Zanu (PF) slogans and beat MDC supporters. L. M. identified **Absent Foloma** and **Langton Mangena** as his assailants.

Francis Ncube

Case 72: Elizabeth Tati and Babara Mavhingire — 4 June 2000

Elizabeth Tati and Babara Mavhingire testified that they were both raped by **Francis Ncube** at Texas Ranch, a war veteran base and torture centre. Mrs Tati testified that she was abducted by Zanu (PF) youth on 4 June 2000. She was taken to Texas Ranch and handed over to Ncube. There, Ncube brandished a gun and told Mrs Tati that he would kill her if she refused to sleep with him. Mrs Mavhingire testified that she was also raped at gunpoint by Ncube on the same night as Mrs Tati. Both were forced to chant ZANU (PF) slogans and denounce MDC President Morgan Tsvangirai on the way to the torture centre. Ncube allegedly told Mrs Mavhingire that it was useless to report the incident to the police because he was a war veteran. He said the government belonged to the war veterans and that nothing would be done to him. She proceeded to the Zvishavane police station where she was prepared to make a report but Ncube arrived before she could do so. She did not make a report for fear of further victimization.

Shurugwi

Lovemore Peter Sakahowa (alias Gunpowder), Peter Danida Moyo, 'General Nduku', Gift, Sam Huranda, and Tofarasei

Case 73: K.M. (Male) — 1 June 2000

*"We wanted to conduct a meeting in Shurugwi Park but were surrounded by Zanu (PF) youths and war veterans and attacked with slashers, sticks, catapults and axes. I sustained bruises on my right shoulder." Had his MDC t-shirt confiscated by a "**General Nduku" in front of police officers. "I identified Sakahowa**."*

Case 74: C.N. (Male) — 1 June 2000

A group lead by **Lovemore Peter Sakahowa** came to his house singing revolutionary songs and banging doors. C.N. was not at home. Lost 10 steel pipes. They came several times thereafter threatening the whole family with death. The group included **Gift, Sam Huranda, Peter 'Danida' Moyo, Tofarasei** and several others. They used to come armed with spears, knives and knobkerries, bows, arrows and catapults. He had to relocate to Gweru from until after the elections. He would sometimes return but they would come and camp at his house. This forced him to transfer his children to schools in Chachacha and Gokwe.

Zvishavane

Blesssed Mapako, Kiriadora Simango, Daniel D.K Sibanda and Chinyoka

Case 75: J.P. (Female) — 9 April 2000

More than 100 Zanu (PF) supporters led by Blessed Mapako beat her . She sustained injuries on the left side of her head. Here she received 8 stitches. On her left palm she received two stitches and also some her right thigh.

Case 76: F. M. (Male) — 9 April 2000

*I was attacked by **Mapako**, **Simango** and **Daniel Sibanda**. My MDC shirt was torn and my ZPTWU t-shirt, ZCTU badges and driver's license were stolen. I was severely assaulted and sustained a head wound which required 13 stitches, left eyebrow gash- 4 stitches. I also sustained a cracked right wrist and broken left tibia. I spent three months out of work as a result of injuries sustained during the beating.*

Case 77: K.C. (Male) — 9 April 2000

*I was pierced with a sharp screwdriver in my left ribs and kicked under the chin with heavy boots. I was kicked on the head when I fell down. The assailants were **Blessed Mapako, Simango, Chinyoka** and **Daniel Sibanda**.*

Conclusions

This report is not a pleasant read. However, it scarcely does justice to the real horror experienced by all the victims mentioned. No words can easily describe the experience of being tortured, and these victims will carry their horrifying memories to their graves. They can be treated, but never cured; they will learn to cope if they are helped, but will never be the same.

These horrifying stories are only a very small number of the cases received, as will be seen from the following appendix. Furthermore, these reported cases are only a fraction of the total cases of political violence that occurred during the election period. As we noted above, virtually all the perpetrators have been pardoned by the Clemency Order, and even those who were not covered have generally evaded prosecution.

The evidence clearly supports the view that there was a systematic campaign of organised violence and torture perpetrated against all opposition political parties and their supporters. The physical acts of violence conform to the definition of torture contained in the UN Convention Against Torture. However, what must be appreciated is the extent to which psychological torture and mass psychological torture was used. It is all too easy to focus upon the unspeakable physical torture that was inflicted on people, and therefore too easy to reach the conclusion that violence was minimal considering the relatively small number of deaths. What has not been well understood is that this campaign of terror was highly sophisticated and extremely effective. Few Zimbabweans will forget the nation-wide cloud of fear that gripped the country during the run-up to the general election.

As will be seen from this small number of cases, the number of alleged perpetrators was very large but it has been easy to identify most of them. The allegations of State-sponsored torture would have been very easy to test through subsequent prosecutions. The Government therefore needed to declare an amnesty for all perpetrators in order to avoid confirmation of the allegations of State complicity. The only recourse left to the victims is to seek compensation for injury through civil action - a process which is expensive and lengthy. Some very courageous people have elected to testify in the High Court in the election petitions, where most have opened themselves to the risk of further torture. Indeed, it has generally been the case that these witnesses have suffered further torture, and been forced into hiding. It is unacceptable that the Government, tasked with upholding the Constitution, allows this criminal state of affairs to persist.

The highly immoral Clemency Order has thus allowed the Government to continue to maintain some form of credibility with the international community. Behind this façade and the continual assertions that the Government respects the rule of law is the reality of a Government that has allowed a massive and systematic campaign of terror to sweep the country, and to wholly subvert the rule of law through impunity.

Justice requires that full investigation of all these allegations take place, perpetrators are brought to book, and those responsible face the full weight of the law. Zimbabwe needs to draw a line in the sand, and to face the future knowing that this will never happen again.

List of alleged perpetrators

Alleged perpetrators who appear in bold were named in several incidents of violence. Some were named in as many as 16 cases. Also given is the constituency and province in which the incident of political violence occurred. Some victims were either unable to remember or did not know the names of those who victimised them. It was not uncommon for perpetrators of violence to be strangers to an area who had been brought in from elsewhere to carry out campaigns of violence. This was perhaps a purposeful attempt to insure that victims would be unable to identify perpetrators. Two names on the list, Chenjerai Hunzvi and Paddington Zhanda, appear twice because they were active in two provinces. The Forum has tried to be as accurate as possible with the names but, in some cases, only part of a name or a title was known. We have included what we have. In addition, it is important to note that nearly everyone on this list is alleged to have personally taken part in acts of violence. 30 names are included who did not actively participate, but were present and in some way sanctioned or supported acts of violence.

§ = Zanu (PF) MP candidate

Harare

Name of alleged perpetrator	*Organisation/Party*	*Constituency*	*Province*
Admore	Zanu (PF)	Mbare East	HRE
Alexander Masamba	Zanu (PF)	Mufakose	HRE
Ali Majengwa (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mbare East**	**HRE**
Amon Chimombe	Zanu (PF)	Mufakose	HRE
Baba Dhi	Zanu (PF)	Mbare East	HRE
Bany Marokora	Zanu (PF)	Mufakose	HRE
Chanurwe	Zanu (PF)	Budiriro	HRE
§Chenjerai Hunzvi (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Budiriro**	**HRE**
Christopher Masomera	Zanu (PF)	Harare North	HRE
Cobra	Zanu (PF)	Mufakose	HRE
Colin Ruwizhe	Zanu (PF)	Mufakose	HRE
David Bachelors	Zanu (PF)	Mufakose	HRE
Debra Mashoko	Zanu (PF)	Harare North	HRE
Dube	Zanu (PF)	Budiriro	HRE
Edmore Tinaruro	Zanu (PF)	Mbare East	HRE
George Tsvuura (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mbare East**	**HRE**
§Gladys Hokoyo (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Budiriro**	**HRE**
Gozho Simango	Zanu (PF)	Mbare East	HRE
Jahannes Mudhuwiwa	Zanu (PF)	Mbare East	HRE
Mabvuku Police, Member in Charge	ZRP	Mabvuku	HRE
Mahenda, Mai	Zanu (PF)	Budiriro	HRE
Makope	Zanu (PF)	Glen View	HRE
Manyebo	Zanu (PF)	Mufakose	HRE
Mayeda, Mrs	Zanu (PF)	Budiriro	HRE
Mhaka	Zanu (PF)	Harare North	HRE
Ndlovu	Zanu (PF)	Budiriro	HRE
Paddington Nyama	Zanu (PF)	Mbare East	HRE
Patience	Zanu (PF)	Mbare East	HRE
Patrick Mutodzanesu	Zanu (PF)	Budiriro	HRE
Richard Kaphumbata	Zanu (PF)	Mufakose	HRE
§Sabina Thembani (4)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mufakose**	**HRE**
Stanley "Rasta"	Zanu (PF)	Mbare East	HRE
Tenwards	Zanu (PF)	Harare North	HRE
Tonderai	Zanu (PF)	Mufakose	HRE
Tony Gara	Zanu (PF)	Mbare East	HRE
Unnamed (at Hunzvi's surgery) (7)	**Unknown**	**Budiriro**	**HRE**

Wilson Mundeya	ZNLWVA	Budiriro	HRE
Z. Chihota Duve	Zanu (PF)	Harare North	HRE

Manicaland

Name of alleged perpetrator	*Organisation/Party*	*Constituency*	*Province*
Astma	Zanu (PF)	Buhera South	MAN
Bakayawo	Zanu (PF)	Makoni East	MAN
Bernard Makuve	Zanu (PF)	Buhera North	MAN
Chimombe	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Makoni East	MAN
Edmore Mlambo	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Makoni East	MAN
Enock Mukutiri	Zanu (PF)	Buhera North	MAN
Erengwe (3)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Makoni East**	**MAN**
Gertrude Mujoma	Unknown	Makoni East	MAN
Happymore Dafi (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Makoni East**	**MAN**
Joseph Mwale (3)	**CIO**	**Buhera North**	**MAN**
Kainos 'Kasiyatota' Zimunya (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Buhera North**	**MAN**
Lazarus Murambisa	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Makoni East	MAN
Machokoto	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Makoni East	MAN
Mafekutu	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Makoni East	MAN
Mhiripiri, Mr	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Makoni East	MAN
Mufakozani	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Makoni East	MAN
Ndongwe (3)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Makoni East**	**MAN**
Revai Nyamombe (2)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Makoni East**	**MAN**
Richard Mapfumo	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Makoni East	MAN
Robert Tauro	MDC	Makoni North	MAN
Saidi	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Makoni East	MAN
§**Shadreck Chipanga (5)**	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Makoni East**	**MAN**
Shame Katerere	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Makoni East	MAN
Stanley Kamba	Zanu (PF)	Makoni East	MAN
Willard Mukumba	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Makoni East	MAN

Mashonaland Central

Name of alleged perpetrator	*Organisation/Party*	*Constituency*	*Province*
Alfred Malunga (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Bindura**	**MC**
Anyway Chimutsa	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Artwell Chiwara	CIO, Zanu (PF)	Shamva	MC
Babron Mutero	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Bernard Nyangoni	Zanu (PF)	Bindura + Mount Darwin South	MC
§**Border Gezi (5)**	**Zanu (PF)**	**Bindura + Mount Darwin South**	**MC**
Chamunorwa Chimedza	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Kenwell Chifodya	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Chanetsa Kasaira	Zanu (PF)	Mazowe East	MC
§Chen Chimutingwende	Zanu (PF)	Mazowe East	MC
Chimutashu	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Chinyani	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Chiwara	Zanu (PF)	Shamva	MC
§Christopher Kuruneri	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Mazowe West	MC
Clifford Chimukate	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
"Comrade Satan"	Zanu (PF)	Bindura + Mount Darwin South	MC
Councillor Gatsi	Zanu (PF)	Unknown	MC
David Madzivanzira	Zanu (PF)	Mazowe East	MC
Dixon Mafios	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC

Dokora Lazarus	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Emcha Mudarika	Zanu (PF)	Mazowe East	MC
Engiwa Kofi	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Force Chawarura	Zanu (PF)	Bindura	MC
Godfrey Gode	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Henicha Tapfumaneyi	Zanu (PF)	Mazowe East	MC
Jack Chawarura	Zanu (PF)	Bindura	MC
Jacob Juma (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mount Darwin South**	**MC**
Janga the youth Commander	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
John Chiteve (2) (Bindura district councillor)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Bindura**	**MC**
John Karicoga	Zanu (PF)	Bindura +Mount Darwin South	MC
Jonathon Bonga	Zanu (PF)	Mazowe East	MC
Joshua Kazaka	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Joyce Mujuru	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin North	MC
Kwezani Machaya	Zanu (PF)	Shamva	MC
Lovemore Chimutsa	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Lovemore Muza	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Mai Isaac	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Marodza	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin North	MC
Mclean Tapfumaneyi (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mazowe East**	**MC**
Membere	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Michael Kanengoni (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mazowe East**	**MC**
Mosten Kakuruwo	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Muchazvipei	Zanu (PF)	Bindura	MC
Nebro Mutepaira	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Netsai Nhepera	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Nicholas Chimutashu	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
§Nicholas Goche	Zanu (PF)	Shamva	MC
§Nobbie Dzinzi	Zanu (PF)	Muzarabani	MC
Paddington Zhanda	Zanu (PF)	Bindura + Mount Darwin South	MC
Petros Masiya	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Pindirire	Zanu (PF)	Bindura + Mount Darwin South	MC
Poshai	Zanu (PF)	Seke	MC
Reuben Mafigu	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Ruza Maendaenda	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
§Saviour Kasukuwere (5)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Bindura + Mount Darwin South**	**MC**
Seremani Mhembere	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Shamy Mapisa	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Shepherd Mushonga	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Shumba	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Simba Chikasha	Zanu (PF)	Mazowe East	MC
Simba Kanokanza	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Simon Chikafa	Zanu (PF)	Mazowe East	MC
Sparks Chitura (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mount Darwin South**	**MC**
Svetai Nyamupfukudza	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Sydney Chitate	Zanu (PF)	Mazowe West	MC
Takundwa Chironga	Zanu (PF)	Mazowe East	MC
Tapera Gemu	Zanu (PF)	Mazowe East	MC
Terry Marodza (4)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mount Darwin South**	**MC**
Themba Muponda	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Thomas Gukuta	Zanu (PF)	Bindura	MC
Thomas Mudyiwa (Zanu (PF) district chairman)	Zanu (PF)	Mazowe East	MC
Tonderai Mashiri (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mazowe East**	**MC**

Trackfone Kanokanza	Zanu (PF)	Mount Darwin South	MC
Vheremu	Zanu (PF)	Mazowe East	MC

Mashonaland East

Name of alleged perpetrator	*Organisation/Party*	*Constituency*	*Province*
Agnes	Zanu (PF)	Goromonzi	ME
Albert Kamhaka	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Alec Navhaya	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Alexander Chinyorimo	Zanu (PF)	Unknown	ME
Andrew Chipamando	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko South	ME
Arthur Chibhaghidhi	Zanu (PF) youths	Murehwa North	ME
Artwell Bepete	Zanu (PF)	Goromonzi	ME
Badze	CIO, Zanu (PF)	UMP	ME
Banda	CIO, Zanu (PF)	UMP	ME
Better Choto (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Hwedza**	**ME**
Bhonzo	Zanu (PF)	Goromonzi	ME
Blessing Gumire	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko South	ME
Bornface Mazungura (2)	**ZNLWVA**	**Mudzi**	**ME**
Bornface Mudiwakure	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Boster Garikai Tanyanyiwa	Zanu (PF)	Goromonzi	ME
Boster Juru	Zanu (PF)	Goromonzi	ME
Brian Nyoka (5)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Murehwa North + South**	**ME**
Caleb Mushamba	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North	ME
Calvin Zvai	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North	ME
Calvin Zvaitapasi	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	ME
Causewell Kamedza (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**UMP**	**ME**
Chakawarika (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Murehwa South**	**ME**
Chanyarova	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Murehwa South	ME
Charles	**Zanu (PF)**	**Murehwa North**	**ME**
§Chenjerai Hunzvi	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Chikomba	ME
Chibhunde	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Chikomba	ME
Chief Chinyerere	Zanu (PF)	UMP	ME
Chief Muwata	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Chigora	Zanu (PF), ZRP	Goromonzi	ME
Chikoyo, Mr	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Chimhongo	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Chindenga	ZNLWVA	Unknown	ME
Chingoriwo	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	ME
Chingosho, Mr	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa North + South	ME
Chiparashure	Zanu (PF)	UMP	ME
Chipo Chikove	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North + South	ME
Chitektekto	CIO, Zanu (PF)	UMP	ME
Choruwa	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Chris Limbamba	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko South	ME
Chris Nyanjera	Zanu (PF)	UMP	ME
Chris Zinyoro (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Hwedza**	**ME**
Christopher Nyamakondiwa	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Clemence Murambizi	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Cleopas Dombe	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Clever Chigeza	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	ME
Cliff Jezenga (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mudzi**	**ME**
Clifford Kachidza	Zanu (PF)	UMP	ME
Comrade Mbizi	ZNLWVA	Goromonzi	ME
Crispen Gute	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Crispen Muchenyura	ZNLWVA	Mutoko North	ME
Cuthbert Mapfumo (2)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA, ZRP**	**Chikomba**	**ME**

Daison Muchimbidzi	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Damiano Muwhata	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
§David Chapfika	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North + South	ME
David Karimanzira	Zanu (PF)	Unknown	ME
Desmore	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA, ZRP	Chikomba	ME
Dickson Chipeparaushe	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	ME
Doben Chimbwanda	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	ME
Dombo David Munyoro	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Doubt Kamoti (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Marondera East**	**ME**
Douglas Chimedza	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Durban Chimbwanda	Zanu (PF)	UMP	ME
Edgar Tsiga	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Edmund Jacob (councillor) (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mutoko North + South**	**ME**
Edward Zharima (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Murehwa North + South**	**ME**
Edwars Zhuga	Zanu (PF) youths	Murehwa North	ME
Edwin Majonga (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Murehwa North + South**	**ME**
Edwin Wasara	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Elec Navhaya	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Elias Munjoma	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko South	ME
Elliot Tsvanhu (Zanu (PF) local chairman)	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Enersia Chiduku	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Enock Kuchiva	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko South	ME
Eriya Munyoma	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Everson Gwamura (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Goromonzi**	**ME**
Fanwell Gudo Chigwedere (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Hwedza**	**ME**
Farai Mhonyera	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	ME
Felix Chodzodzo (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Hwedza**	**ME**
Felix Mushawenyoka	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Fidelis Mabharani	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Francis Chinomona (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mutoko North + South**	**ME**
Francis Tandarike	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Fresh Matiza	ZNLWVA	Mudzi	ME
Garai Musadza	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Garikai Gumbedze	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko South	ME
Garikayi Chikwizo	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
George Foroma	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
George Nadzo, Cllr	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa North	ME
Gideon Mbewe	ZNLWVA	Hwedza	ME
Gideon Meja	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Gilbert Chingozho	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa North + South	ME
Gilbert Katsande	ZNLWVA	Mudzi	ME
Gladys Chibwanda	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	ME
Gladys Musinyari	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	ME
Godfrey Chikono (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**UMP**	**ME**
Godfrey Manemwe	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Godwell Sibanda (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Hwedza**	**ME**
Goodmore Marau	Zanu (PF) youths	Murehwa North	ME
§Herbert Murerwa	Zanu (PF)	Goromonzi	ME
Hodzi	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North + South	ME
Ignatius Chinomona	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North + South	ME
Isaac Neshamba	Zanu (PF)	Marondera East + West	ME
Isiah Mukowa	ZNLWVA	Mudzi	ME
§Joel B Matiza (4)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Murehwa North + South**	**ME**
James Kaingwe	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Jisi, Mr	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa North + South	ME
Jiti, Mr	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	ME
Joe Kamhaka	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME

John Chitawa	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
John Takure	Zanu (PF)	Hwedza	ME
Jonasi Chakavarika	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa North + South	ME
Jonasi, Cllr	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa North	ME
Jonathon Kavhumbura	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	ME
§Joseph Ray Kaukonde (5)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mudzi**	**ME**
Joyce Chingururu	ZNLWVA	Mudzi	ME
Justin Vambe (2)	**ZANU (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Murehwa North**	**ME**
Kahuni	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko South	ME
Katandita	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Kazingizi	ZNLWVA	Unknown	ME
Kiwa (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Murehwa South**	**ME**
Kudzanai Chitawo	Zanu (PF)	UMP	ME
Laiza Jezenga	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North	ME
Last Makonesi	CIO, Zanu (PF)	Marondera East + West	ME
Lazarus Maridze	Zanu (PF)	UMP	ME
Lazrus Chifodya	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko South	ME
Mabhii Jeketa	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa North + South	ME
Macheka Chingwna	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko South	ME
Mafemera Mr	ZNLWVA	Mutoko North	ME
Magauze (3)	**ZNLWVA**	**Mudzi**	**ME**
Mahoza	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North	ME
Majora, Asst. Insp (2)	**Zanu (PF), ZRP**	**Chikomba**	**ME**
Makiyi	ZRP	Mudzi	ME
Mandi Nyarambi	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North	ME
Maperera, Mai	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	ME
Margaret Mlambo	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Marirai Mhonyera	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa North + South	ME
Mariwo	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko South	ME
Martin Chipango (3)	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa North + South	ME
Masarirezhi	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Masamba Mr	ZNLWVA	Mutoko North	ME
Masocha	CIO, Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Mataurwa	Zanu (PF)	Goromonzi	ME
Mavis Karonga	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Maxwell Hodzi (2)	**ZNLWVA**	**Mutoko North**	**ME**
Mazmabani	Zanu (PF), ZRP	Murehwa South	ME
Mckenzie	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Mudzi	ME
MIsheck Hazvinavarwi	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Moses Zvakamwe	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Muchemwa, Mai	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko South	ME
Mujuru (8)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mudzi**	**ME**
Mukarambira (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Hwedza**	**ME**
Munyaradzi Mudiwakure (4)	**ZNLWVA**	**Mudzi**	**ME**
Munyaradzi Rufu	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Chikomba	ME
Murembire, Mrs	Zanu (PF)	Marondera East	ME
Musafare Mapeto	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North + South	ME
Musamadya, M.P.	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North	ME
Mutiwekuziva	Zanu (PF)	UMP	ME
Muzenda (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Hwedza**	**ME**
Myrod Matanhire	ZNLWVA	Mudzi	ME
Nathan Kanzara (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mudzi**	**ME**
Ncube (war veteran) (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Murehwa South**	**ME**
Ndemera	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko South	ME
Noah Manyonga	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Noel	Zanu (PF)	Goromonzi	ME
Nomore Nymunga	Zanu (PF)	Goromonzi	ME
Nyakudanga	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko South	ME

Nyasha Kashaka	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North	ME
Nyathi	Zanu (PF)	Marondera East	ME
Nyazvigwa	ZNLWVA	Mudzi	ME
Nyepani Chipuriro	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko South	ME
Obert	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	ME
Oliver Tichafa Juru	Zanu (PF)	Goromonzi	ME
Paddington Tsiga (4)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Murehwa South**	**ME**
Paddington Zhanda (9)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Murehwa South + Goromonzi**	**ME**
Partwell Tsvanhu	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Patrick Moyo	Zanu (PF)	Unknown	ME
Pedzai Kavhumbura	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	ME
Peter Ketani (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Unknown**	**ME**
Peter Makombe (2)	**CIO, Zanu (PF)**	**Marondera East + West**	**ME**
Peter Tsvanhu	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Richard Chingururu	ZNLWVA	Mudzi	ME
Richmond Marodza	Zanu (PF)	Marondera East + West	ME
Rise Chifodya	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko South	ME
Robson Gwese	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Robson Manduza	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Rudo Nherera (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Murehwa South**	**ME**
Rota Nherera	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	ME
Sam Chakombera	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Samuel Dhliwayo	ZNLWVA	Mutoko North	ME
Shady Mugoma	ZNLWVA	Unknown	ME
Shepherd Chimbamambo	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North + South	ME
Shepherd Mupasu	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Simba Chirimuuta	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North	ME
Simplicio Kaitano (2)	**ZNLWVA**	**Mudzi**	**ME**
Solomon Kanyoko	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Soul	Zanu (PF)	Goromonzi	ME
Swahili	Zanu (PF)	Goromonzi	ME
Taderera Maengama	Zanu (PF)	Marondera East	ME
Tafi Hamakana	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North + South	ME
Taguma, Mrs	Zanu (PF)	Marondera East	ME
Takawira Nemachena	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Murehwa North	ME
Tapfumanei Garikai	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Tapiwa Mueozva	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Taruona	ZNLWVA	Mudzi	ME
Tatadzei	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North + South	ME
Taurayi Nhire	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko South	ME
Tauya Mahoza	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North + South	ME
Tedmore Mudiwakure	ZNLWVA	Mudzi	ME
Tendai Madziva	Zanu (PF)	Goromonzi	ME
Themba Chaponda (4)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Murehwa North + South**	**ME**
Thomas Marodza	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Thomas Mbudaya	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Thomas Muriniko	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Murehwa North	ME
Tinashe	Zanu (PF)	Goromonzi	ME
Titus	Zanu (PF)	Goromonzi	ME
Tobias Mazaka	Zanu (PF)	Chikomba	ME
Tonde Nyanjera	Zanu (PF)	UMP	ME
Trust Mapaneshure	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North	ME
Vhera, Mr (Zanu (PF) District Chairman)	Zanu (PF)	Mutoko North + South	ME
Victor Chitungo	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Murehwa North	ME
Vitalis Marowa	Zanu (PF)	Mudzi	ME
Waison Mudiwakure	ZNLWVA	Mudzi	ME
Walter Mukango	ZNLWVA	Mudzi	ME
Wellington	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	ME

William Nyaronga	Zanu (PF)	UMP	ME
Zemura, Mai (Legal Projects Office)	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	ME
Zongororo	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa North + South	ME

Mashonaland West

Name of alleged perpetrator	*Organisation/Party*	*Constituency*	*Province*
Alfred Bhozo (4)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Armstrong (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Kariba**	**MW**
Bernard (youth leader)	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Black Jesus	ZNLWVA	Hurungwe West	MW
Briston	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Chambati	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Chamunorwa Chinyodza	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Hurungwe East	MW
Chisango (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Doubt	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Duriri	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	MW
Edgar Chinomera (2)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Edward Mwanaakatsamwa (2)	**ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe West**	**MW**
Elias Saidi	Zanu (PF)	Chinhoyi	MW
Ernest Karungaire (7)	**ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Foni Madiro	ZNLWVA	Hurungwe West	MW
Frank Nhemura (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Gabriel Munhedu (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Kariba**	**MW**
Gambiza Makonza (2)	**ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe West**	**MW**
Gapa (2)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Gutsa	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Hurungwe East	MW
Innocent Mazvimbakupa	ZNLWVA	Hurungwe East	MW
James Kabwadu	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
James Muzoriwa	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Jimmy (5)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
John Gumpo (Zanu (PF) (2) Chairman, Kariba)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Kariba**	**MW**
John Katsamwa	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Jonathan Masenda (5)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Joseph Chibanzi	Zanu (PF)	Chinhoyi	MW
Joseph Masenda	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Joy Makaze	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Kamhiripiri	ZNLWVA	Hurungwe East	MW
Kanyanganise	ZNLWVA	Hurungwe East	MW
Kay Matapa (2)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Lameck Nyauye (3)	**ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Mabunda, Inspector (2)	**ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Madzura Ncube	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Mafunga	ZNLWVA	Hurungwe West	MW
Magunje (4)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Mai Piwabi	Zanu (PF)	Kariba	MW
Makiyi	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Hurungwe East	MW
Makoni, Mr	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Mapondera	Zanu (PF)	Kariba	MW
Mapuranga	ZNLWVA	Hurungwe East	MW
§**Mark Madiro (4)**	**Zanu (PF)**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Martin Chingodza (2)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Mashaya	ZNLWVA	Hurungwe East	MW
Mashonga (14)	**ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Masiyanhanga	ZNLWVA	Hurungwe East	MW
Matuvi	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW

Mavenge	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Mavigi (2)	**ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Mike Mujuru	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	MW
Mombeshora	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	MW
Moses Madzura	ZNLWVA	Hurungwe East	MW
Moyo (2)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Mugwazi	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Mupamombe (15)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Mutiura	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Hurungwe East	MW
Mutuvi	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Naison Nyamatare	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Ncube	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Ndoro	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Netsai Mabhunumuchapera (2)	**ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Ngoni (9)	**ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Ngwenya	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Hurungwe East	MW
Norman Josaya (16)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Officer John Matarakire	ZRP	Hurungwe East	MW
Paprika (5)	**ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Paradzai	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Perence Chitsungo	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	MW
Peter Ndlovu (2)	**ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Petros	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Rex Jesus (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Richard Rusike	ZNLWVA	Hurungwe East	MW
Rwodzi (10)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Saunyama	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	MW
Seremani	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Shupikai (3)	**ZNLWVA**	**Hurungwe East**	**MW**
Sibert Chirimo	ZANU (PF), ZNLWVA	Hurungwe East	MW
Steven Chiweshe	Zanu (PF)	Chinhoyi	MW
Thomas Chiwaya	Zanu (PF)	Hurungwe East	MW
Wanda Fusire	Zanu (PF)	Murehwa South	MW

Masvingo

Name of alleged perpetrator	*Organisation/Party*	*Constituency*	*Province*
Bornface Mutemachani (4)	**ZNLWVA**	**Chiredzi North**	**MV**
Chapungu	Zanu (PF)	Chiredzi North	MV
Chief Tshovani	Zanu (PF)	Chiredzi North	MV
Clemence	Zanu (PF) youths, ZNLWVA	Chiredzi North	MV
David Juri	Zanu (PF)	Chiredzi North	MV
Elastos Chijange	Zanu (PF)	Chiredzi North	MV
Elastos Njiri	Zanu (PF)	Chiredzi North	MV
Kennias Chijange	Zanu (PF)	Chiredzi North	MV
Killer Mukuni	Zanu (PF)	Chiredzi North	MV
Tshovele	Zanu (PF)	Mwenezi	MV

Midlands

Name of alleged perpetrator	*Organisation/Party*	*Constituency*	*Province*
Abel Masiya Machambanje (2)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Abraham Manhundu	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa West	MD
Absent Foloma (4)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Zvishavane**	**MD**
Abu Bha	Zanu (PF)	Zvishavane	MD
Alice	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD

Andson	ZNLWVA	Mberengwa East	MD
Bernard Siziba (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Gokwe Central**	**MD**
Bernard Jetro	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Blessed Mapako (5)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Zvishavane**	**MD**
Bob Matsvimbo	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East + West	MD
Brilliant Zhou	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Casmel Mpofu	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe East	MD
Cephas Bimbiko (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Gokwe Central**	**MD**
Chidyamakono, Sgt.	ZRP	Shurugwi	MD
Chilami	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Mberengwa East	MD
Chimbetu	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Chinyoka	Zanu (PF)	Zvishavane	MD
Chitova	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Clever Kabawe	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe East	MD
Clifford Donsa (5)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Coffee Simuchimbu	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe North	MD
Cuthbert Muchaongani	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Gokwe East	MD
Daniel Choga	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Daniel D.K Sibanda (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Zvishavane**	**MD**
David Chihora	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Davison Chipenyu	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Mberengwa East	MD
Davison Matutu	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Dennis Hove	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Douglas Nyowani	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa West	MD
Dube, Mr	Unknown	Shurugwi	MD
Eddie Nkomo	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Edson Gwara	Zanu (PF) youths	Gokwe North	MD
Elias Masenda	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Elly Shiri (3)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Emmanuel Mpofu (2)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Zvishavane**	**MD**
Emmanuel Mudzoki	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe East	MD
Endsen Dube	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Mberengwa East	MD
Engineer Mackenzie	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East + West	MD
Enju Mandundu, Mai	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Gokwe East	MD
Ernest Shoko (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Felix Dube (3)	**ZNLWVA**	**Gokwe North**	**MD**
Festo Jamela (5)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Fidzi Shiri	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Francis Ncube (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mberengwa West**	**MD**
Garikai Mukumbiri Tsiru	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Gokwe East	MD
'General Nduku'	Zanu (PF)	Shurugwi	MD
George Gogora	ZNLWVA	Gokwe North	MD
George Mushasha	Zanu (PF) (youths) (±100)	Unknown	MD
Gift (3)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Shurugwi**	**MD**
Given Mapfumo	Zanu (PF) youths	Gokwe North	MD
Goddie Chiwara (4)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Gokwe North**	**MD**
Handsome Dube	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Hilda Chinyoka	Zanu (PF)	Zvishavane	MD
Hlazo Moyo (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mberengwa West**	**MD**
Hlupeko Bangojena (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	Shurugwi	**MD**
James Mpofu	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Gokwe East	MD
Jeremiah Bhero	ZNLWVA	Gokwe North	MD
John Chipinge	Zanu (PF) youths	Gokwe North	MD
John M. Mugabe (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Zvishavane**	**MD**
John Mangisai	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe East	MD
Jokonya, Mr	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
§Joram Gumbo	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Josphat Shumba (former MP)	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Mberengwa East	MD

Judson Hove (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mberengwa West**	**MD**
Karonga	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe North	MD
Kazima Zhou	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa West	MD
Kennedy Hove (2)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Kerry Makotore	Zanu (PF)	Shurugwi	MD
Kessam Shumba	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa West	MD
Kiriadora Simango (2)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA, CIO**	**Zvishavane**	**MD**
Kruza of Mapfungautsi	Zanu (PF)	Zvishavane	MD
Kudakwashe Mutsetsa (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Shurugwi**	**MD**
Langton Mangena (5)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Later Mapiye (4)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Leonard Katiya	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe East	MD
Leonard Zimbizi	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe East	MD
Livingstone Chitembetembe	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe North	MD
Lovemore Peter Sakahowa (5) alias 'Gunpowder'	**ZNLWVA**	**Shurugwi**	**MD**
Lovemore Zimucha	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe East	MD
Lucky Chiwara (4)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Gokwe North**	**MD**
Lyford Nkomo (2)	**ZNLWVA**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Mabasa Munotengwa (4)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Gokwe North**	**MD**
Mabhena	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Machambani	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Madhafu Moyo	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Madharani	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East + West	MD
Mahura	Unknown	Unknown	MD
Makamba	Zanu (PF)	Shurugwi	MD
Makombe (4)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mberengwa East + West**	**MD**
Makore, Cst. (2)	**ZRP**	**Shurugwi**	**MD**
Mandlovu (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Manuel Dube (3)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Unknown**	**MD**
Mapingire, Mai	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Mapukuta, Mr	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe Central	MD
Masendu Shiri	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Masunda	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Matavire, Mai	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Max Munotengwa (4)	**Zanu (PF) youths**	**Gokwe North**	**MD**
Mazinyari, Cst.	ZRP	Shurugwi	MD
Mazinyani, Sgt. (3)	**ZRP**	**Shurugwi**	**MD**
Mfundisi Siako Muchimba (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Gokwe North**	**MD**
Mike Mhururu	Zanu (PF) youths	Gokwe North	MD
Mike Mutsanyamate	Zanu (PF) youths	Gokwe North	MD
Milcoat Dziya (District Vice-Chairman)	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Mombe, Mr	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East + West	MD
Moyo	Zanu (PF) youths	Gokwe North	MD
Muguriri (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Gokwe North**	**MD**
Mukahla, Mr	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe North	MD
Munyaradzi Ndlovu	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Ngezvenyu	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Mberengwa East	MD
Ngocha, Mr	Zanu (PF) youths	Shurugwi	MD
Njodzi Chimhere (2)	**Zanu (PF) youths**	**Gokwe North**	**MD**
Norman Madzana	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe North	MD
Nyashanu	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe North	MD
Obert Tasa	ZNLWVA, Zanu (PF)	Gokwe East	MD
Ostaff	Zanu (PF)	Unknown	MD
P.B Mandiziva	Zanu (PF)	Shurugwi	MD
P.P. Shumba	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Patrick Dube Karichana	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Mberengwa East	MD
Patrick Masonda	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD

Paul Maphosa	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Pedzisai Zvitsva	Zanu (PF) youths	Gokwe North	MD
Peter 'Danida' Moyo (3)	**ZNLWVA**	**Shurugwi**	**MD**
Philip Hungwe (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Philip Ndebele	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe East	MD
Portia Hove (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Punish Dzikamunhenga	ZNLWVA	Gokwe North	MD
Rejoice Chinyoka	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Rhinos Mangondo	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe South	MD
Ritchard Hove (councillor)	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Ronica Siluli	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Roy Chinosengwa	Zanu (PF)	Shurugwi	MD
Rudo Mabhena	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Rugare Gumbo	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Sabhuku Gonga	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe North	MD
Sam Huranda (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Shurugwi**	**MD**
Sam Ncube	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Samuel Hungwe	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Senzeni Mapingire	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Shaba Mokore	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe East	MD
Shenje	ZNLWVA	Gokwe North	MD
Shepherd Shava	ZNLWVA	Gokwe North	MD
Siamuninga	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe North	MD
Signal Kudawafeya (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Unknown**	**MD**
Sikhangezile Mataka (4)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Simba Hove (4)	**ZNLWVA**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Simbarashe Chisango (2)	**Zanu (PF) youths**	**Gokwe North**	**MD**
Simbarashe Makurumure	Zanu (PF) youths	Gokwe North	MD
Siphelani Dube	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe North	MD
Sithabile Mataka (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Stan Muzondo	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa West	MD
Stanley Mpofu	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe East	MD
Stanley Muposhi	Zanu (PF)	Shurugwi	MD
Stuwart Machakata (2)	**Zanu (PF) youths**	**Gokwe North**	**MD**
Taona Dziva (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Tapfumanei Pangira	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe East	MD
Tarisai Tavaruya (2)	**Zanu (PF) youths**	**Gokwe North**	**MD**
Tarusenga Chifana	Zanu (PF) youths	Gokwe North	MD
Taruvonga Ngwenya	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Taurai Chiutsi (5)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Gokwe North**	**MD**
Tawanda Tavaruya (2)	**Zanu (PF) youths**	**Gokwe North**	**MD**
Tawona Chingwengwenene (2)	**Zanu (PF) youths**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Tawona Siziba	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Tendai Teketa	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa West	MD
Thomas Gumbo	ZNLWVA	Gokwe North	MD
Thomson Mutemwa	Zanu (PF) (youths) (±100)	Mberengwa West	MD
Timothy Machanga	Zanu (PF) youths	Gokwe North	MD
Titus Mashazhu (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Shurugwi**	**MD**
Tobias Goboza	Zanu (PF)	Shurugwi	MD
Tobias Makwati Badza	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Mberengwa East	MD
Tobias Mangwatu	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe North	MD
Tofarasei	Zanu (PF)	Shurugwi	MD
Tompson Mutema (3)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Gokwe North**	**MD**
Tonderai Shoko	ZNLWVA	Gokwe North	MD
Tyson Ngwenya	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Usite Gava (3)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Gokwe Central**	**MD**
Vambire Ncube	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Varretta Mudege	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe East	MD

Vunganai Ngezvenyu (2)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
Walter Chiguzeni	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Webster Khumalo	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Wetter Betsera	Zanu (PF) youths	Gokwe North	MD
Wilson 'Biggie' Kufa Chitoro (11)	**ZNLWVA**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**
White Kasoka	Zanu (PF)	Gokwe North	MD
William Muradzikwa	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Zvishavane	MD
Wilson Mahembe (village head)	Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA	Gokwe East	MD
Wonder Gwashe (4)	**Zanu (PF)**	**Gokwe North**	**MD**
Zaranyika Hove	Zanu (PF)	Mberengwa East	MD
Ziviso Mutsungi (3)	**Zanu (PF), ZNLWVA**	**Mberengwa East**	**MD**